ARTICLE XVII.—Further Note on Amazilia æneobrunnea. By FRANK M. CHAPMAN.

Since publishing a description of Amazilia aneobrunnea (antea, p. 163) I happened to handle a Bogota example of Chrysolampis mosquitus, and the "make up" of the skin at once rendered apparent the before unrecognized similarity in the color of the body of the two birds. A re-examination of the type of aneobrunnea showed that the body did belong to this species, while the head and neck were those of Chlorostilbon haberlini. In brief, Amazilia aneobrunnea is one of those taxidermal deceptions which not infrequently puzzle and sometimes, as in the present case, completely deceive unsuspecting ornithologists.

Mislead by the apparent relation of *æneobrunnea* to A. lawrencei —its parts in combination indeed resembling this species, as was shown in the original diagnosis—I unhesitatingly referred the bird to the genus Amazilia; but these same parts taken singly present a very different appearance, and I have, therefore, the peculiar pleasure of placing the body in one genus and the head in another; and in neither case does the genus prove to be the one to which the whole was referred.

Further remark is evidently unnecessary; but the experience apparently shows that the anatomy and construction of "Bogota" skins are as deserving of examination as their external characteristics.

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