

FIELD NOTE BOOK
CROCKER LAND EXPEDITION

1913-1915

No. 28

arrow B dark red - white

arrow 50-16 no 8

No. 9

arrow same ~~50-11~~ 20-22

No 10 u

50 - 11

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1975

CHARLES
LAWRENCE
MAY 13 1949
VOLUME 1

The Mary Minot River
(after the sister of Mrs Henry
Grinnell) issues from beneath
a glacier in numerous streams
which unite about forty miles
above the mouth. Lat $78^{\circ} 5' 2$
7 miles beyond Cape William
Mahopeau Shaeberay, known
to Dr Kane's party as the
Chimney Rock. The brig
was placed between the
islands in Peninsular Harbor
Store house on Butler Island
Dog " " "

Observatory on Fern Rock
50 paces long and 40 broad
and about 30 feet above
the water line. Here we
raised four walls of granite
blocks (wooden roof)

The magnetic observatory
adjoining — stone, ten feet
square.

Cabins built three miles
from the brig, four in
number.

"The observatory was placed upon the northernmost of the rocky group of islets that formed our harbor. It is 76 English feet from the highest and northernmost salient point of this island -

A natural face of greenish rock formed the western wall of the observatory. A crevice in this rock has been filled with melted lead, in the centre of which is a copper bolt, eight feet from this bolt, and in the direction indicated by the crevice, stood the magnetometer. On the highest point of the island (northernmost) is a deeply chiselled arrow-march filled with lead. In an enlarged march five feet east of above arrow is a glass jar containing documents. A man calls attention to these points: nothing is placed within it."

A conspicuous spot was selected upon a cliff looking out upon the bay desert, and

on a broad face of rock
the words "Advance
A.D. 1853-54"
were faintly written in letters which
could be read at a distance.
A pyramid of heavy stones,
perched above it, was
marked with the Christian
symbol of the cross. It was
not without a livelier
sentiment than that of
mere utility that I
placed under this the
coffins of our two poor
comrades. Near this a
hole was worked into
the rock, and a paper,
enclosed in glass, nailed in
with melted lead:

W. Gary and Bonsall with
five men left camp Sept. 20.
5 days to Cape Russell. Cairn
erected here by Dr. Kane.

In the 28th, after crossing a
large bay, they met a low cape
about thirty miles to the north
east of the first deposit. Here they
left a cache and built a cairn
and buried the provision at
a distance of ten paces from its centre

bearing by compass, E by N $1\frac{1}{2}$ N.
Dr. Kane called this point Cape
Bonsall. On the 25th day they
met a great glacier.

They reached their highest
latitude on Oct. 6th - $79^{\circ}50'$.

They placed their cache and
cairn on a low island at the base
of the large glacier, Mr. Gary's
island. They built the cairn
on a point of rock thirty paces
 $E\frac{1}{2}S$ from the cache, and at
the same distance from the
point of a remarkable rock on
the highest part of the island,
bearing S by W $1\frac{1}{2}W$. There were
two small islands about 3000
paces from the cache, the
larger bearing E by N $1\frac{1}{2}N$
and the smaller E. N. E.

The most picturesque
portion of coast after leaving Cape
George Russell and approaching
Dallas Bay "Three Brother Islands"

Hennings' Monument is beyond
Sunny Gorge, to the north of latitude
 79° "a single cliff of greenstone,
marked by the red limestone
that once encased it, bears

itself from a crumbled base
of sandstones, like the
boldly-ciselled rampart of an
ancient city. At its -
northern extremity, on the
 brink of a deep ravine which
 has worn its way among
 the ruins, there stands a
 solitary column or minaret-
 tower, as sharply finished
 as if it had been cast for
 the Place Vendome. Yet the
 length of the shaft alone is
 480 feet; and it rises on
 a glintle or pedestal 280
 feet high."

Mary Minto River is
near Cape William Wood.

Morton left the brig on
June 4th. Reached the
glacier on June 15th
and Cape Andrew Jackson on the
21st.

Dr Lane calls it 49 miles
from Seal to Anoatoh. From
Anoatoh to brig 42 miles -
Total 91 miles.

British Expedition 1875-76

Deposit of 3600 rations landed at Cary Islands. Built a cairn and left a record at Littleton Island. "Commander Macmillan accompanied by Captain Liddon landed in a small bay on the south side of the extreme point of the Cape. After an extremely rough scramble up one of the gullies, a cairn was erected on the outer spur of Cape Isabella, 700 feet above the water line; a cask for letters and a few cases of preserved meat were hidden away on a lower point, about 300 feet high, magnetic west of the cairn" (Cape Isabella)

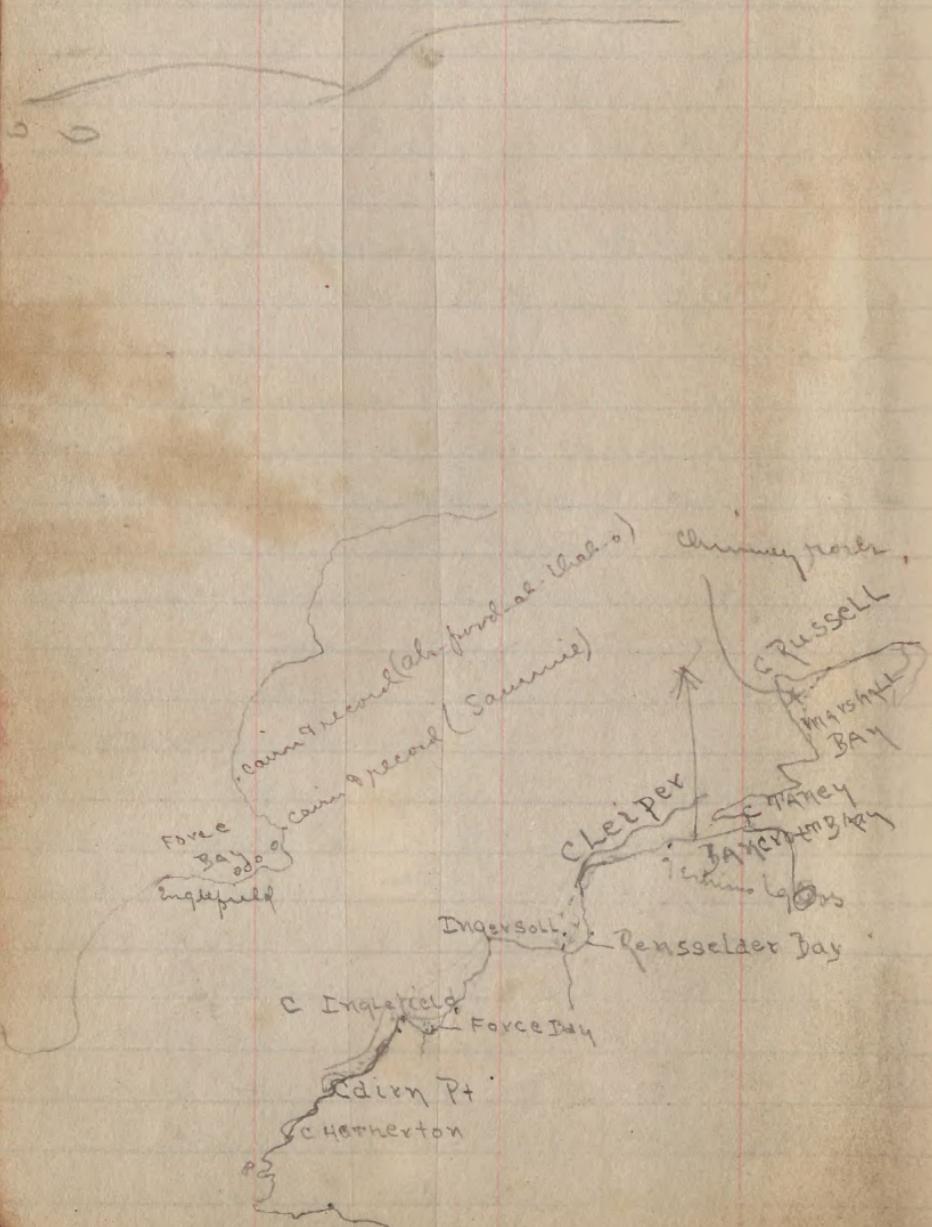
Cairn was built on summit of Brevoort Island

"At 4 A.M. of the 9th I landed half a mile east of Cape Harrison accompanying Capt. Liddon and Dr. Mars. A record was placed in a small cairn erected on the spur of the limestone hills forming the west side of Branxton Pierce Bay, 200 feet above high water level.

Ashing Waves on Norman
Lochyer Island. A record
and a cairn on the summit
Deposit of 240 rations at Cape
Morton. Much open in Bessels
Bay

Cruise of the Hebridean

Cairn and document at
Cape Hershel



CALHOUN
Wright-B
Webster
Cape B
CLAY
Pemmon Bay
Forbes

C. Kern
DALLAS
JAN
C. Scorn
Brook
Boys Hill
C. Wood
Chimney Rock
can be seen from
our camp May 17th,
one or two islands off Cape
Seatt.

In-yo-un-ah-wick-shah

Sunday, April 18th.

1st day

Left Elah at 3 o'clock this afternoon for Dr. Kane's winter quarters and a run up the coast for bears. Extremely rough ice compelled us to hold to ice fast nearly all the way to our camp here at Cape Chidén.

About a mile this side of sunrise Point Fal marked his komatiks so badly that to continue was out of the question.

I advised that he return to Elah for my "Macmillan" komatiks.

Ab. good, ab. Elah o, who is somewhat worried over his wife's sickness has returned with him.

Sammie and I are very comfortable in our tandem tent with Jewell giving full feed and belly full of elder duck eggs, coffee, and biscuits. Temperature about 3°ers.

Monday April 19th
bad day

Hal and Als - food - ah - shah - o
baked this morning at 9 o'clock.
We stopped for a few
minutes at Littleton Island
to enable Hal to get a
small cache of reider
duck eggs left here last
summer. I have just had
them for supper and found
them delicious.

A cold wind right in
our faces made it a bit
disagreeable but a pleasant
contrast to trip here last
spring when thermometer
registered 46 below zero.

We find cache here left
by Gutz - of milk oil, biscuit
biscuits, green grape biscuits, and
cranberry sauce. Also lemonade
and a teab. Ted and I found
each 4 dogs. Als - has 13,
Sammie 7, Hal and I each 10.
The sound looks like a
prairie - apparently excellent
going.

Tuesday April 20th
3rd day

Hal and Ah-Jow-ah-shah-o left us this morning to cross Smith Sound for musk-ox and bears.

Sammie and I came on up the Greenland coast getting into an awful mess of rough ice off shore about two miles. Finally we headed toward land and worked out of it discovering excellent going along shore.

A short march today as one of Sammie's best dogs is going on three legs. We are in camp tonight on a good broad ice floe just south of Cape Daglefield. Should have a fine sun tomorrow.

Sammie back at 8 o'clock with two hare and a ptarmigan. Wounded a third but failed to get him.

We are full to the chin with chowder, hare, biscuit and coffee.

Wednesday, April 21st

4th day

The southern half of Prince Bay was fairly good but as we approached land we encountered three or four inches of snow covered with a thin crust furnishing a poor footing for the dogs.

The ice foot is very broad and when leading to Cape Ingraham but covered with soft snow.

We saw some seal on the ice which Sammie tried to get but failed because his dogs became impatient and galloped after him. Also passed two breathing holes.

Parked a boat on the talus at Cape Ingraham. He "took wing" when he saw me start with H. P. Savage. At Cape Ingraham there are two or three cairns and a circular wall built, the Eskimos say, by Dr. Kane and his men 60 years ago. Will examine them on return. We are leaving here

18 lbs pemmican, 3 gal oil,
two can Chowder and one
can Beans.

Thursday April 22nd
5th day

The realization of a
wish of years ago. We
are tonight in camp in
Rensselaer Harbor, Dr. Kane's
winter quarters from 1853 to
1855. We have not yet
located cairns or records
but believe our tent to be
pitched near Butler Island
where he had his store
house and dog house.

As we came into the
harbor I saw a seal
running himself. Sammi
crept up with "bone-lah-o"
but did not shoot to kill.
Blood around the hole
indicated that he was badly
wounded.

Am sorry as our dogs
are very poor and need
the meat if we are to go
on much farther.

Friday April 23rd
6th day

Visited 8 islands in Rensselaer Harbor in hopes of finding a cairn or some signs of the Kane Expedition.

No - ad clue of any kind excepting a small cairn on a boulder on a small island on the south side of the Harbor.

Crossed a number of bear tracks which are at least a month old.

We are tonight in camp well up beyond Cape Peifer about half way to Cape Saury. The foot is excellent all along here. Tracks of 2 bear and a year old in front of our tent.

One more seal seen on ice today. Sammis saw a white fox ahead of us on the ice from Heady going all through the Harbor.

(7) Saturday April 24th

A long hard march back to our 1st cache camp from Nauvoo Camp. Soft snow all across Resekalair Harbor. Three seals all up at one time gave us thought of dog food. All left before we could get a shot.

Left a cache at Museum Head consisting of following: Beans 4, Potowder 1, Salmon 3, Sausage 2, Milk 2, Hark 1, Eggs 6, Corn 1, Oil 2.
10 hours today

(8) Sunday April 25

We leave here 2 oil.

Held up all day by wind and drift from the south-west.

Left at 7 P.M. arriving nearly at old camp in Force Bay at midnight. Sun is well above the horizon. Good going on ice or ice float.

Monday, April 26th

9th day

Good going but a cold wind and drift - In camp at Kam-mow-itz - stopped at Anoriluk to look it over. Found there 8 igloos and remains of Dr Cook's and Bosun Murphy's house of 1918-09. seems to be a delightfully warm place.

Rough ice between here and there gave us a hard time.

Tuesday, April 27th

Three seals in the ice today Scamie crept up to within 90 yards, fired, and missed, shooting under. The others dropped into their holes at the report of the rifle. Light breeze from the north.

Dr. Kane

Arrived Littleton Island
on Aug. 7th

Cape Hatteras. Last of
Capt. Inglesfield's positively-
determined Headlands.

Liftof' edible and metallic
life boat in Life Boat Cove.

Built cairn on western
cape of Littleton Island,
called Flagstaff Point

Tools refuge in "a
beautiful cove" just north
of Cairn Point, "accessible
only from the north."

"Dog Inlet" later called
Refuge Harbor. At a point
about one mile north he
erected a small beacon
cairn and burnt a K
with powder on the rock.
Wrote Q. K. with a pointed
bullet on his cap lining
and hoisted it as a flag
Harbor is in between a small
island and a valley which
formed the inner slope of the
bay Reached it Aug. 28th.

Boat party left on 29th
Orders to leave brig to the
southward and eastward
into a safe harbor.

In less than 24 hours
left boat and pushed
forward on sledge.

Cliffs measured 1010 feet
to crest of plateau.

Cliffs of "Tabular magnesian
limestone" talus at
angle between 38 and
45°. On Sept 1st
reached another small
bay (Bancroft Bay). "A
glacier blocked our way
across it." A succession
of terraces, rising with
symmetrical regularity.
lost themselves in long
parallel lines in the
distance. Found here 7
skeletons of musk ox.
Crossed glacier. Mean
elevation of want 1300 feet.

In 5 days they were 40
miles from brig. Bancroft
are left 5th at ~~Dallas Bay~~
here a large river $\frac{3}{4}$ mile

wide at its mouth.

Mary M'Intosh River, after
sister of Mrs Henry Grinnell



7 fathoms water - and
a perfect shelter from
the outside ice.

Storehouse on Butler Island.

Fresh water found near by.

Dog house on Butler Island

Horn Rock site of observatory
100 yards off

On Sept. 20 Mr. Gary,
Kearall and 5 men left
the ship for trip north.

Green Rock - 50 paces long,
40 broad, and 80 feet
high. Four walls of
granite blocks with wooden
roof. Magnetic observatory
adjacent was of stone,
10 feet square, wooden floor,
roof, and copper fire grate.

On Oct. 10th ice strong
enough for dog team.
No trouble until he came
to Cape William Wood where
he found ice breaking up.
Dogs and sledges trudged
through. Met Mr. Gary's
party near Cape William
Wood. Report. Left Sept.
Sept. 20 at 1 o'clock. Arrived at
Coffey Gorge at 8. Travelled
alternately on land and
sea ice. On 24 recamped
at Chimney Rock south of
Cape Russell. On 25 reached
cabin at Cape Russell
On 26 th. discovered a
deep gorge "Sunny Gorge"
Remains of 5 Eskimo huts.
On 28th reached Cache II

across Dallas Bay.

Oct. 10th made cache on
point of island in Advance
Bay. Dairn on a point
of rock 30 paces E $\frac{1}{2}$ S from
cache and same distance
from a point of a remarkable
rock in highest part of the
island, bearing S by W $\frac{1}{2}$ W
There were two small
islands about 2000 paces
from the cache, the larger
bearing E by N $\frac{1}{2}$ N and the
smaller E. N. E.

Reached ship, Oct. 16th.



Mr Gary's cache



The observatory

"The cliffs of Igveia
Mountain which open
toward the east"

Depot party left
March 28th. Average
temperature of -27.
March 31st Pouliq,
Ahseu, and Peterkin
returned. Mullen, Haggard,
and Hardly able to speak.
Baker died on April 5th
body carried to Fern Rock.
Eskimos appeared April 8th
the most picturesque
portion of the North Greenland
coast to be found after
leaving Cape George Russell
and approaching Dallas Bay.
Temporis Mountain is beyond

Dunny George to the north
of 79. Length of craft 480
feet; flint or federal
280 feet.

Stores and India Rubber
boat cached near Dallas Bay
Peter Schubert died May
12th. Bergsmasters arrived.

June 5th Morton left on
his northern trip.

On Aug. 28 party under
Pellerin began its retreat
south. Bousall and Pellerin
arrived back on Dec. 7th
Others on Dec. 12th th

Brig abandoned May 20, 1855
Look for stone built on very
joint of Cape Inglefield. Used
for retreat as shelter for sick.
This is Anavatoh of Kane
Look for conical peaks in
Force Bay. At the base of
this a huge walrus was
supposed to dwell. When there
was no moon it crawled out
to the edge of the marine where

it bellows loudly.

May 7th, 1915

Kah-mouritz 1st day

Snowed heavily during the night with the result that when we left Elah we were obliged to plough through about 8 inches.

Beyond Littleton Island it turned out a bit so we came along better making the trip in about 7 hours and a half.

Every one away here at the tent. Woo-car-fing-wah and Co-dee after seals and Jot after rabbits. Pamtspal has his traps pitched on the ice a short distance away. Is cutting up three seals.

Jot is back with two rabbits.

May 8th, 1915

Cape Inglefield

2nd day

Arblis, Sammie and I again on the trail. Nos-car-fung-wah came along with us as far as Amoretob where he left us to hunt rabbits.

The heavy snow fall at Etah did not reach here at all. It is even better going than when we were here before.

Arblis declares that Dr. Kane's winter quarters were in the west bay which is Force Bay. If he is right Dr. Kane is all wrong. Tomorrow will tell.

May 9th, 1915

Made the whole circuit of Force Bay today not finding any evidence that Kane wintered there. Sammie took me to the small cairn where he found record of Bousall, one of Kane's men. It is on the north eastern side well up.

in the bay, a small carib
about two feet high.

Followed bear tracks
out of the bay but finally
gave them up. I have killed
three seals. I have fed one
to dogs and will leave
two here in cache for
return trip.

I have just returned
from a carib hunt by
Dr. Kane on the sloping
hill side about 50 feet
above the ice foot just
below the point of the cape
going north past Gore Bay.
I have also found a seal
and a fox cub in
stiff paper "All Well, Kane
Aug 1853.

Lamme photographed
me and Dr. Linne standing
at cairn. No sun and
late at night so I gave
Linne $\frac{1}{2}$ so on 11^o; he has
50 - 11.

Seal meat tonight -
all that we can hold

May 10th. 1915

Rensselaer Harbor

Back at the old camp
and will make another.
Buy for records tomorrow.

Wounded four seals
Today, blood all over the
margins of the holes; lost
them all. Sammie got to
hole just in time to grab
one by the tail with his
teeth and hands but he
was not strong enough to
hold him.

Tracked a bear to a
seal igloo where he had
killed a seal and eaten
it. The crowd looked as if
the bear had his whole family
with him, blood, bones, and
bits of meat every where.

Saw many tracks but
no fresh ones.

Sammie did some awful
cheating today. One seal remained
so long on the ice that Sammie
got up and looked at him.

Just then my dogs struck
him. The traces caught in the
backs of the legs and he landed on

his pack, howl-tah-o and rifle in the air. When the dogs were within 50 feet of the boat the seal thought it was time to leave!

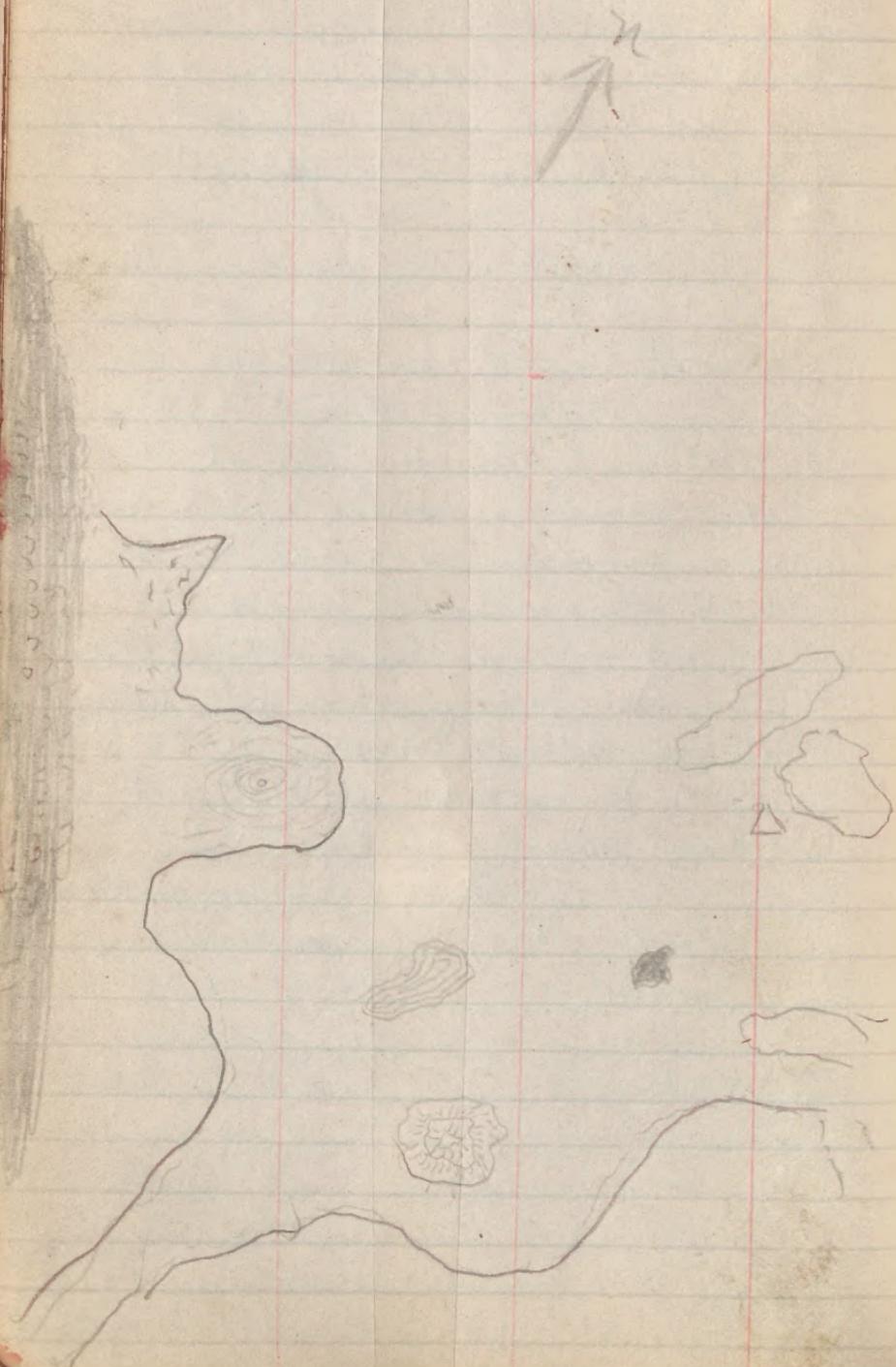
May 11th, 1915

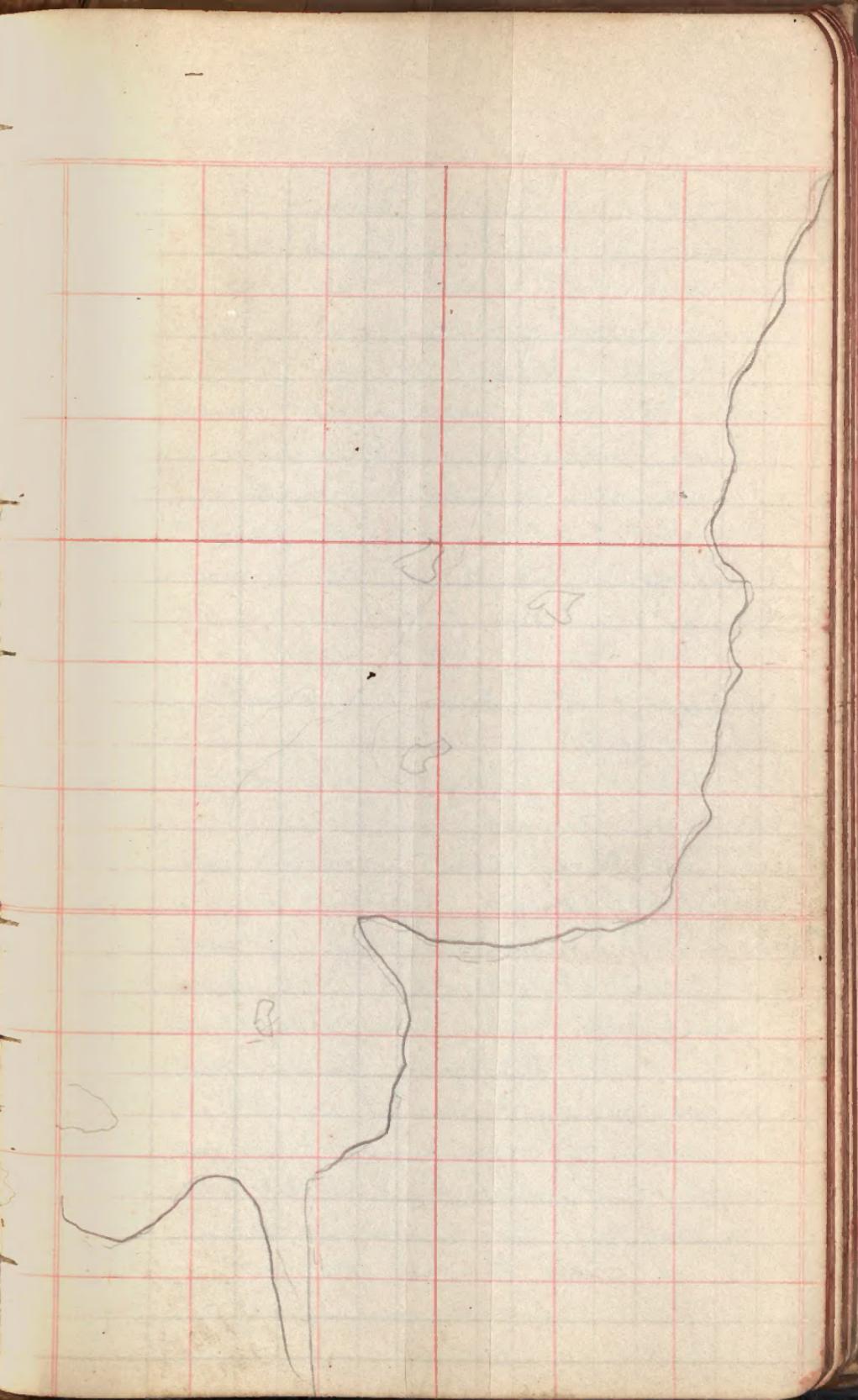
Rensselaer Harbor

Again I have been all over this harbor and searched in vain for a cairn or a record or some evidence that there was such a thing as the Kane Expedition — not a sign did I find of any kind although it was 62 years ago there should be something left. When the snow is off the ground conditions will be more favorable.

While searching Arctic and Sammie were out after seals. Sammie missed but Arctic brought in two which gives us a good feed and also plenty for the dogs.

Sketch of Russellair Harbor





May 12th.

Bancroft Bay

The same deep snow is
Rensselaer Harbor but excellent
going along the foot.

Stopped at our cache
and to my surprise found
7 old eskimos igloos just
above on a sand terrace.

I think Kane missed
seeing these or he would
have spoken of it.

We have two cans for
supper; Sammie eats one, I
the other.

While fishing over last
Arklio discovered two seals
out on the ice. Sammie is
now skinning them. Sammie
back. It proved to be a rock.

Arklio camped here last
year. He says we are close
to the big glacier! I do not
understand this at all. We
came up here from the most
southern part of Rensselaer
Harbor in igloos. I place us
according to the map just
this side of Bancroft Bay
and here we are in sight

of an island which Arctic
says is the beginning of many.
He would take us up in
Dallas Bay! As soon as it
clears up we shall start
and clear up this way by
two-car-fog-wall and
all-four-all-readers both
killed bears there last
year near our traps.

May 13th

Out on the ice

Peabody Bay

Raining and snowing
when we awoke this
morning so held up
for a while hoping it
would clear but in an
hour or so there was no
prospect so we packed
up and lined out.

We headed about
north in order to get
out among the ice bergs
of the bay. It grew
thicker and thicker so that
it was impossible to see
for any distance. I felt

that we were driving around in a circle so got out my compass and found that we were headed true South west!

Again we started. In about a half hour we crossed our own trail. We had turned completely around to the right. I told Adelio we were simply tiring our dogs and getting nowhere so we would wait for it to clear up. Within a few minutes we were all asleep on our sledges. When I awoke the land was in sight - a long stretch of coast line, low rounded rocky hillocks extending to the north east. No islands were in sight. This for I believe the map agrees roughly with what I could see.

We started out again in a line parallel with the coast about

N 120 East Marquette.

In a short time
Adelio found it to be
tracks in the snow
whispering "te-shing-wah"
(now) meaning that the
tracks were fresh. Our
dogs put their noses to
the trail and away they
went from ice berg to
ice berg for all the world
like a giddy man
calling at houses stopping
at every one for visitors.
We reached land, followed
the ice foot for a long
distance, wallowed through
water and deep snow,
then far off there again.

As we huddled at a
real hole at the edge
of a berg Adelio grabbed
the glasses. Before he did
so I could see about
a mile away a yellowish
bundle while I thought
longer the a bear but
was not sure so said
nothing. Yes, there lie

was still calling
from Berg to Berg.

DuChey. We rearranged
our traps and agreed
upon our mode of
procedure and attack.

As I had never
tried a bear this one was
to be mine. Although
conditions were extremely
unfavorable for traps -
dark and raining - I
felt that I would rather
have his future team
his chiss. I would
photograph first then shoot.

Before our traps were
rearranged the bear got
our scat and left at
such a speed that our
chances of seeing him
again were very slight.

Archie started calling
to Sammie and home to
Inny. Our dogs were
dead. They would not
move faster than a walk.

Archie waited and as
soon as we came up

slipped all his dogs
and told Sammie to do
the same. The seventeen
rounded away on the
trail and were soon
out of sight. Now began
a long chase. Pulling,
whipping, urging, the
dogs alternately running
behind the mounds or
lung to it for a half
an hour when a few
black dots on the horizon
encouraged us. There proved
to be dogs returning. They
had given it up. But
soon a big yellowish-white
form came the even far
ahead in the rough ice
charging and scattering
the dogs.

When we came up it
was a magnificent sight.
There he stood at bay
surrounded. Apparently not
in the least worried knowing
that with such strength
and quickness as the
powerful dogs are but

poor fitfulle things. Not
a dog dared to go in
and grapple. Many leaped
but quickly retreated or
were knocked end over
end. I got busy with
my grapes going up
to within 20 feet and
getting fine pictures.

Then taking careful
aim I fired with H. P.
Savage 22 cal just
behind the fore shoulder.
With a roar he lit
cavally at the wound
and the stream of red
blood. Then quiet as
a pearl he sprang at
the dogs and mauled
them terribly. Grasping one
of Sammies dogs by the
top of the head he shook
him as if he were a
rat, whirred him around
in the air, and slammed him
to the ice as swift as a
met air rug. To my great
surprise he jumped up
and trudged away with a

"I'm going home" looks
upon his face. The bear
dropped. And he had
done its work but fearing
for the safety of the dogs I
shot him more.

When the battle was
over the scene of the
conflict was red of blood.
The wounded dogs Dad,
Jack crawled away leaving
a red streak behind them.
Three of mine and three
of Samuels were bitten and
David was very badly.

We skinned the bear
leaving head and feet in
the snow for mounting. I
hope, at Bowdoin.

With ridge piled high
with meat and driving
22 dogs, we started back
to where we crossed the
other two ledges, the crested
dogs following jumping and
one running.

Tonight we are all
full dogs and meat.

Arthur says they never

at the times which
agrees with what I have
heard. He also says
that Indians do not
liberally but travel
around all winter looking
for meat. Does not know
whether they kill mus-
ter or not. Says they
eat grass and eggs in
season. Has opined further
Saw large rounded balls
of ice, which the bear had
partitioned, while while to
kill walrus! This is a
general belief throughout this
tribe as well as in other tribes
in Baffin Land.

Monday May 14th
A day in camp. Raining
and snowing. Every thing
soaking wet. Must have
some sunlight to dry out
our clothing before we can
start. Have read Hawthorne
and the new Testament all
day.

I have been out once
yesterday but to my dogs

Tuesday May 15th

Leaving up at 7 this morning. Sun should be out soon. Wind from the north-west.

Himboedt - Glacier
Carried our bear meat
and skin to a small
island part of which I
judge to be Cape Scott.

There we buried all to
await our return. Hard
hauling as the wind is up
to the cross bars on our
sledges.

Passed many bear
tracks today crossing and
crossing in all directions
but no bears as yet.

At 5-30 we saw 5-
seals ahead of us at a
hole so I sent cubbie who
is our true canoe getter out
ahead to bag one for the
dogs and ourselves. Four
up before he got there
but one remained and
is still with us. The dogs
are full. Cloudy but signs
of better weather.

May 15th

Burrow nesters (4) and snow hunting's arrived today (the latter heard).

May 16th Wed

Bear Cache Camp

A long day! About 11 hours through soft-snow along face of Humboldt Glacier and in and out among the islands. Saw many tracks but no new ones. Drove into a pretty little cove to get some grass for our lambs. As we rounded the point I saw two rabbits feeding on a cliff of the cliff. Set them both.

Here we saw two snow hunting's, the first this year, and a gyp falcon. Orbits said they called here last year looking for burrow nesters as they were all out of food and very hungry.

As we were returning to this camp we saw where a seal had left

his hole and crawled off through the snow.

The dogs took us the trail and in a few minutes - we had him alive, a small one. Photographed him in Arthur's lap then killed him for supper.

May 17th Thurs.

Pennican Camp
Entrance to Barrowfoot Bay
Deep, soft sand all day. Followed the ice foot well up into Bay in the endeavor to find land-going. I fire at the camp three does up there to be so much to prospect is good for tomorrow.

We are on our last trip and last camp of which cut will pick up batch tomorrow about 5 miles below here where Sammie and I left it on last trip.

May 18th Friday

Left Camp at 9-50
arriving at cache camp
at 12-40. Stopped twice
to kill rabbits. Cache is
about 6 miles this side
of Dallas Bay.

Left cache at 12-40
Sunny George 1-05
Arrived at ~~Burrasale Harbor~~^{Marine Bay} -
at 4-30 well inside
Cape Russell.

Left 4-45
Arrived three quarters way
across Big Bay at 8-30

Lent of alcohol from
two inmate cans tonight.

Saw lions today at
about 2½ an hour.

Continuous bark going
through soft snow.

Ortis wounded her
seals today, lost them both.

I shot 2 rabbits.

Mixed a third at 20 yards?
Have come to conclusion
that Ortis is right. Burrasale
Harbor is in the next big
bay below here. This is one
of the surprises of my

life & learn that it is
a gone day's drive from
Elkhorn with good going.

Hence ~~Tates~~ Affuris it is
20 miles! This statement
misled me more than
anything else as I could
not believe it was so
near.

May 19th Sat.

Left at 10-10

Stopped at 10-23

Killed seal

Started at 11-45

Reached opp side
of bay 1-25

Arrived Cape Rejù at
7-55.

Another two hours
of hard going. Deep snow
scarcely abe the way.

Stopped a little way's
above here to take picture
of "K" marked on face of
a perpendicular rock.

Here are the remains of a
cairn within a few feet of it.
Probably demolished and
reconstructed by Peary some
years ago.

I saw first flamingo
yesterday

May 20th. Sunday

Clouds going all day. A fine run to Nels camp at Cairn Point. Sammie shot a big seal just before we got here.

Came by Anoritah as we thought there was no one there back to learn on our arrival here Mr Campbell and family have a cabin just around corner.

There is here now with Jst. Moo-car-jing-wah and Os-ee is their tent is very comfortable. I have had very poor weather so not many seals yet.

So far and also - all seals are back with 5 bears and 10 musk oxen.

A big crowd of Eskimos are held up at Nuluvik by open water; cannot get by to come north. It is rumored they have gone over the ice cap.

Monday May 31st, 1915

A long day from 4 o'clock this morning to midnight and not to bed for some time yet as we are just in from Etah leaving there about 11 o'clock.

Every thing had to be humped up over the hill so it took us some time, I snow-shoved to up through the valley and across the land where I could look on toward Cape Fairerlow before I was overtaken by two caribou-wah and Leddy-dug-wah.

It was so warm when leaving Etah that I gave the boys each a new pair of blue pants with which they were delighted but before we got to Amorlow they were nearly the color of their pants with cold.

The ice was very thin so we broke through in several places, just this side of Cape Fairerlow two caribou-wah killed a seal furnishing food

for both teams.

About two miles further on we detected a ~~young~~ peregrine sitting on the cliff. Drawing around him we saw ~~on~~ the mate, and nearby a projection of rock under which the raven was white - with droppings.

We tried in vain to climb the cliff but finally were compelled to give it up. I feel sure there must be a nest here and will try again later.

Character of ice was such that we crossed several miles of land going deep into what I judge must be Dr. Kane's Refuge Harbor.

At Kala-mowley - with birds and lights gone it was rather lonely. When looking up at peregrine nest one came by with a little cub in his talons. The nearest cub colony is at Etah showing that they go for quite a distance for their food.

A young falcon in his new

Come at Amoritla well
protected from wind and
weather and with float
yard filled with seals.

Holy-are-ing-cook is not
at all well. Teddy thinks she
has liver trouble.

All other Eskimos have
gone north to live in Dallas
Bay for a year. How I wish
I was with them.

Pauline and Jimmie
are still over in Ellesmere
Land probably for a double
purpose viz., to get a beatch
left there three years ago
and to hunt bears and musk-
ox. From the hills open
water can be seen extending
far to the north.

Tuesday June 1st
Again in camp in Russellau
Harbor with four Eskimos and
Job. According to me and
the-w-e-a-ls-sha are on their
way north to bring back
caribou meat and skins left
up there last fall.

We find on this point about a half mile from the islands a small rock igloo built up against side of rocks as if a white man had constructed it as a shelter for sleeping - perhaps with the desire to get away from the crowd on the island, perhaps to try into a sleeping bag in preparation for a trip.

Wednesday June 2nd

The long sought for lead arrow on summit of Sheerwater island has been found at last.

Following instructions in book "5 feet due west of arrow in an enlarged crack in a mass far containing pebbles," we searched but found it gone. Peary has evidently been here.

Teddy showed me where as a boy he saw the house of the white men. The painted "Advance 1883-5" was not visible after 5 or 6 years I suppose. Took a panorama of cabin also picture of Kane

Flag flying on tent pole
above arrow.

Coming out of Harbor
all four Eskimos got seals.

Tonight we are in camp
near the rocks on which I
found the "K" about ~~ten days~~
three weeks ago.

Boats piled up
four worth and boats and
two or three of K. climbed to
highest point of Cape Peifer
and built a cairn. Many
large Harbor seals as bases.

Thursday June 3d.

Boats at Amonton. Tonight
four of us shot four seals coming
not minded being more or less
snow blind.

Painful and grim as
birds with injuries from rock
tide. Before many animals at
Cape Sabine.

All floundering & leave tomorrow

Trip to North Star Bay

Oct. 31, 1915-

Camp on Ice cap.

A merry party of
11 sledges, about 100 dogs,
and the following Eskimos:
E. took-all-shus, Alukay-ah,
E-lay-oo, ah-nah-we, Nupsah,
Ka-ho-chee-ah, ah-now-hah,
Nu-car-fing-wah, Koola-tinal,
E-lay-ting-wah, ah-pool-ah-
shah-o, ah-ning-yah, Neqipso,
Tartarah, Haug-ah, Clay-shoo,
args-hoh-rual, Saund, Sattoo.

It was blowing at
blast as usual but blast
calm after we got out of
the harbor. After I went close
in to Cape Beaufort compelled
us to try a pass new to me -
the river valley south west of
Porter's Mountain. I hope
it will always remain new.
May the Devil take it as his
own. It was full of rocks
andumpy snow gouging
our runners and twining the
dogs.

at the top we overlook

E. Sayas and Ah-wah-we
who left Etah yesterday,
camping once on the way.
From the top of the river
valley we went across country
over rocks, boulders, sand
and a little snow to the
ice cap.

Darkness and a mist
compelled us to camp about
6 o'clock. It was certainly
picturesque. Two fat fires
in the shelter of walls of
snow blocks threw out long
shadows of dogs, sledges, and
men, women and children,
all busy unpacking and
putting up the three tents.

When the tents were illuminated
and primus stoves aglow all
blank with the prospect of
a hot supper the long hard
rocky climb was forgotten.

Supper over to my
surprise young and old
engaged in a game of
blind man's buff! Blind Davis
Buff in the Greenland icecap
in the dark with temperature

far below zero! The blind man was sadly handicapped. After such a hard day's work one would naturally think they would go to bed but no the day with Calf through yet. I taught them to play cross tag and a few other games, they were still laughing and talking when I went to bed and were talking when I awoke.

Monday, Nov. 1st

Over the pine today in a quick snow storm starting with the wind on the starboard bow within four hours we had it on the port beam. I knew then we were going in a circle, fortunately we crossed Amlio's sledge trail made four days ago or night angles from that we were lost. Following this we came out at head of Reichenbach fjord and followed down the glacier. With 4 sledges

and more than a hundred dogs some excitement was bound to follow. Hearing a yell I looked behind and saw a sledge coming with a small boy and a dog clinging to the back. The driver had lost it. Rushing on top of my load I waved my whip in front of the team and succeeded in stopping it. But in a few moments they were again tearing down the hill. The shophouse was now reached in another sledge hoping to catch the run-a-ways.

I stopped my dogs and then stopped the run-a-way team. Hearing again I wondered what would happen with my sledge overran the braces swung around broad side to the course and partly stopped. While trying to swing it back I heard a warning yell. I leaped over the sledge just as E. took all his sledge

crashed into mine and stopped short. The dogs snuffed the trail and disappeared down the hill.

In another instant another yell - a black mass a crash. E-say-o's sledge had joined the muddle throwing up spray in his face in the blood as hard that blood spouted from his nose and an awful yell from his mouth both of which continued for some time.

Other sledges dashed madly by clearing us by inches. One of the skummers started E's dog's back so we got started again with one or two more snarl-ups before we got down to salt water at Peteravik.

Here a single bairf told us that his dogs had gone to his old iglo on the other side of the glacier.

Sledding into Nerby tonight we find a large number here from Iglos-

aa-hoony all anxious to hear
news from the north.

A large fox I dug
recently presented the master
for the dog which died last
year feared him immensely.

The ice is so thin that
we are doubtful about
getting to Kuanah.

To night I am in
my new Eskimo igloo. It
is crowded as was to be
expected all sleeping a
few.

Tuesday, Nov. 2nd

All off for 2-oo-doo-hoony
Friday excepting my three Eskimos
boys and my self. I sent
Ka-ho-chee-ah after the salmon
which got killed and gave
all the dogs a good feed.

Ho-hoo-yain has gone
with K-attend for traps and
Arhho with the snowshoes to bring
back two of his dogs which
followed S-o-jung-wah.

No-car-jung was telling
me today that some years

ago the Eskimos saw a wolf
in Grant Land, which was
black and white like a dog.

If so this is a descendant
of a cross between Greeley's or
Peary's dogs.

Eray-oo says the Eskimos
saw a great Northern Deer
some years ago at Haugard
look-out.

Wednesday, Mar. 3d

Crimson Cliffs

My three boys and myself
drove away this morning
from Verby about 9 o'clock.

Gord going to Ig-loo-da-
loung @ stop here
for a few minutes - only
to send a new rifle over
to E-say-oo who was in
Ludlali's ig-loo with
E-tah-ah-shoo. Koole-tinah
was away as were nearly all
the men.

To split the march
I came up to Peary's

Crimson Cliff where we are in camp brought on end of cape. They all came along with us presumably for tobacco and grub.

It is very dark in the night and looks very much like snow. We ought to go on to Karnak but the Eskimos tell me that there is much thin ice beyond the cape.

The boys are happy playing cards and singing, one an Eskimo tune and one "Duel Ang Cyne" which he has caught from the Victrola.

Thursday Nov. 4th.

Snowing hard this morning and very thick. The Eskimos do not dare to try the thin ice under the snow in such weather. I have decided to wait awhile; it may clear up later.

12th Work

Sammie yes; Komutis

coming!"

Metis, Ce-ho-ha-shoo,
Alayah, and Ka-pro-che-ah
(Red-lake Eve) have arrived
from Igloos-ka. Coming on
their way to Kannah. We
shall all start out
together.

7 o' clock

Kannah

I shall always remember
this place having had it
driven home pretty hard.

As I was driving in
tonight in the dark Co-tale
of North Pole Jane ran out
to meet me. She seated
herself on my sledge and
gradually began to unfold
the news! First I learned
that all my things were at
Iq-eue-shoo-me! This
astonished me some as
I once told me he would
land them at Kannah.
I thought to myself what
a hell of a place to land
things at! And then

put two and two together
and concluded that the
ship was forced out of
maneuvers by the ice.

Then he told me
that Green was at Langerd -
looks - mahl! In "Set Right
With Wallingford" Bimby
says, "Did you hear the
same thing that I did?"
This is what I felt
like saying. I then made
him repeat it. Yes, he
was on his way to Etah
with Pelsi. I then concluded
that he had been left by
Hony in charge of my stuff.

The next guttural
utterance by As-Mahl was to
the effect that the ship
had either gone down
or had been lifted up! To
my question, "Are all the
men down there?" He replied
"Oh yes, they are all there!"

I felt like a quashed
Tomato. My dreams of two
years of good hard work
were vanished.

into the darkness. There
are rumors tonight that
Peter has fired a house
at Imanalik to all the
men. Ao-tah says that
he heard that only the
propeller was broken.

Kio-tah brought the
news here from Kangerl-
ook-suk. His igloo is at
Koi-enni-yunn just
above here.

Seem should be in
here tomorrow with the
whole store.

Afelleku has brought
down a large fox &
thawed meat for my dogs,
ah-te-tah has been in to
see me. Ao-tah brings in
his new So-Greenland wife
for me to look at. She is
not half as bonny as I
heard she was.

Estimosa here
Ah-jellvak-suk
Ah-te-tah
Touher
coralvo

ah-felling-wah
how-ee-yat-tee

Ul-roody
(Nip-sang-wah)

Nelle-hale
Neh-sang-wah
Me-tih
Arlisio

Clay-oo
Lah-wánah
Ahiting-wah
Sué-wah

In-you-tah

O-quee
al-na-gé-hé
Kítah
E-lay-tiúg-wah

Seven ig-loos here

Friday, Nov. 5th.

Green and Peter came in
tonight. The news is not
half bad. The ship is at
Parker Snow Bay in good
condition. Her propeller
shaft, however, is broken,

which means a serious
handicap for the work
next year. The plan now
is for Hovey, Green, Allen,
and Sanguary to go south
with Pelet some time in
January. Chelan will
remain at Wenatchee or
Langdon looks well for solitary
and bird work and
will go home in the
spring next year.

I shall advise that
Green alone go home as
others are not fit.

The mail from Hovey
and the boys will be in
tomorrow if then I shall
know more about how to
act.

Saturday, Nov. 6th.

By living here in 1910
according to Dr. Johnson of
S.S. Beothuk, 150 died in the
tribe.

It is reported that a
whaler沉船 arboe

at Cape York about 1901.

The men were all dead.
The Eskimos went aboard
after wood and soon a
disease broke out among
them many died. This
may have been typhoid or
the influenza which Bear
and his Eskimos had at
Cape Sabine.

Sunday, Nov. 7th

The tent is a banging
and rattling in the
wind. The Eskimos all
got away before the wind
began to blow so we are
today.

9 P.M.

I thought it best to move
in my old igloo as he is
gone. Peter has talked to
me about all in general
about nothing.

He has persuaded E. Koch-
el also to return but
I got hold of him and
fairly ordered him back
to Quantah as I must

have those caribou skins
for the men. In the relief.
Have packed for a
various trail traps and
some skins for trappers.
Am leaving here one case
dog biscuit, one case oil,
and 7 singlet tins.

Have written Fovey,
Ela, Hawk, and Allen.

Monday, Nov. 8th

An early start and a
long march but was at
Merby tonight at 9-30.

Stopped at 2g-los-a-kom
then E-lay-hoo in regard
to caribou skins, rabbit, and
traps skins. Have promised
Kangali to go up after
his skins. He and
E-tob-al-los will come
here to Merby tomorrow.

We surprised them
by arriving so early.
Osh-nah-me and E-lay-hoo
were in my bed and were
half dressed when I came
in. Naturally they were

interested in the news
that our ship was at
Tz-ee-eh below Tzannah.

They thought we had
returned because of open
water. Coming in tonight
we encountered three leads.
One was bridged with the
ledges and dogs walked
over. Three or four plunged
or rather fell in trying to
jump. For this time of
year I have never known
it so cold. Yesterday this
side of Tzannah it was at
least 30 below zero. Our
hands were frosty and
our trails stiff. Having no
web banners I changed at
Tz-eh-eh-lu-ah. So was very
uncomfortable for last 1/2 miles.

Thursday Nov. 9th.

Having trouble to get more
comfortable today. Refining
Cannons getting ready for
an early start in the morning.

Sigoo, Middle, Mal-tah-
e-eh-oo, Li Hoh-al-ehoo,

Alwayar, and Raigal all arrived today.

Wednesday. Nov. 16th.

Snowing and very thick but we got away for Etale. - 6 Glides, tales
Kudale, Es-klos-yale, Aribis,
Ab-jos all heard and
lipses for Rebarish and
Sukwadu for meat.

We found the ice
badly cracked, thin in
places and covered with
water under the frost of
snow. At the opposite
side of glacier we were
stopped by a lead and
were compelled to return
to Kury.

Until it becomes
colder our trip is impossible.
There is little meat here
and our dogs are crazy
hungry. I have cut robe
muzzles on two of them
to save my braces. —

I have been writing

Tonight down in Co-klos-yak
igloo. Three children came
hanging on the bed seat-
from Stark rained. The
Violinola was going full
blast and we were
doing athletic stunts in
two smart loops on our
boat mast which Co-klos-
yak has used as the
main support for his igloos
any + years old
today. The old tricks
were just as easy as
when I was a boy I showed
them a number on the
tricks which I did at
least 25 years ago. There
they could not begin to
do but may with
practice.

Thursday Mar. 11th.
Snowing all day, dark
and thick with high
temperature. Leads will
never freeze if this
keeps up.
Repair harnesses.

Bang ice from our sledges
and sit tight. Read,
play cards, and visit
other igloos.

Chinooks at Haanged-
look-mall averaged six
seals a day through May
and June.

Friday, Mar. 12th

Young snow hunting gear
here today at Herby Bay.
Ha-bo-cheet-ale.

Promise of clear weather
during the day but snowing
again tonight.

Knocked teeth out of
"Dirty Face" tonight but it
ain't so good. He is back at
door with trace bit of the
end of which is covered
with blood! He beats it —

as there seems to be
no hope of getting home
most of the Eskimos have
gone back to Ig-loo-da-houy.
May send my boys back
tomorrow.

Saturday, Nov. 13th.

Green, Jimmie, and Sammie
off for Igloos - I do-a-hounee today.
No change in the weather
as yet. Still very wet under
the snow which is about
a foot deep on the ice.

A seal brought in
by Arctic from a cache
today was at least 5 feet in
in length, 4 ft 7 1/2 in girth,
and weighed about 200
lbs. This is the largest
little ring seal which I
have ever seen.

The Eskimos tell me
that the young snow buntings
remain all winter, some of
them. One heard yesterday.
Undoubtedly many of them
perish especially if the
snow is deep preventing
access to grass.

Two of Green's dogs are
so sick that he was compelled
to leave them here.

Clearing up a bit
tonight. Promise of a good
day tomorrow.

Sunday Nov. 14 1910.

Clear today and cold.

Akhiis brought in a large seal last night so E-tooh-ah's two and Aluvahah did not leave today.

Slept in little rock igloo last night in my sleeping bag. This is the third winter with the same bag consequently it is getting thin.

The Eskimos knocking teeth out of jugs again this morning.

Eskimos here sometimes have boots made out of walrus, square slippers, as well as seals. Soles are also made of narwhal and narwhaf.

Shorts are known about here but I can find no one who has ever seen one

Monday, Nov. 15th

Dark and thick all day long. Should judge temperature about 3° below. Alcohol will not ignite until it is heated.

Tuesday, Nov. 16th.

Clear as crystal and so light that Cape Parry can be easily seen.

E. Took - ah - Shoo, Aluanah, Ahlis and Coblooyah left this morning for Peteravik and Inuvuddy.

Buster, one of the South Greenland dogs, died yesterday. Another friend gone. Blindy Bill is very sick and will die, I think.

Ka - bo - chee - ah, or Lannie, and Mu - car - suq, who came in at 12-15 today. Green arrived at 12-45. Als food - ah - Shoo - o left the trail to look at his fox traps.

at 29-loo-aa. Home they
found the minister In-yu-gee-w,
Loo-umah, and Pingasut.

Green and Ka-ho-chee all
stopped one night in Koola-
tina's igloos and one night
at Lissos's.

Dogs were fed so much
that they had difficulty
getting there.

The Dutch founded a
settlement at Cape Town in
1652 with no thought of coloniza-
tion or conquest but that
they might gardens to supply
fresh vegetables to the scurvy
stricken crews of their ships
sailing to the east.

Nov. 17
Worthy to Etah.

Nov. 26, Friday

Nov. 29, Monday

Breakfast at 7 to give us a good start.

The best morning we have had in a long time, as I looked out the door the last quarter was right in front the door and the whole sky clear as a dry seal.

Before we were harnessed the wind began to blow, but once out of the harbor it ceased. Picking up our loads which were left on the ice we rounded Cape Hinchin on the thirteenth breaking through several times and coming within an ace of losing the whole outfit.

Once we found ourselves on a solid piece with no way of retreating or proceeding so, E. sounded out a bath with his seal spear over which we hurried as rapidly as possible.

at the Crimson Palace
leaving the ice hardened up
enabling us to come in
in safety.

Descending the
glacier was exciting work
as well as hard work. The
condition of the ice precluded
driving the dogs. Such a
procedure might result in
loss of team and equipment
over face of glacier into the
sea.

Whipping the dogs
behind the sledge and
using traces as a break
I guided the sledge over
the slippery descent for about
a mile. In the very face
we were compelled to cut
a path into the ice for
the sledge. Fortunately
at the foot of the slope the
ice foot was about 30 feet
wide which enabled the
downward plunge to be taken
in safety.

To our disappointment,
but as we expected, the sea

was entirely open; not a particle of ice to be seen.

From time on we lumbered in the dark along the ice foot was pure, undiluted H₂O. Time and time again we fairly crept around bunches of rock on an ice foot not 2 feet wide. at other times on slippery slopes ending in a drop into the sea we really needed claws. When dogs drop to their bellies and whine it is time for man to use caution if he does not want a batch at 15 below zero. It was along here somewhere that Sonderg^o, Hayes' companion, lost his life by sliding into the sea.

From what I saw today there would be no escape with one or even two assistants. We arrived at lumbery reeking with sweat. This is far enough for one day under such conditions.

I find here Ah-juu-ah-shoo-o and Ah-wah-ahng-wah. They hope to kill some walrus day after tomorrow. All the way along the ice foot we could hear them armoring to each other (the walrus beat the two caribous)

Tuesday Nov. 30.
No sleep last night.
Four of us in one bed and I with no clothes to cover me. What I have on were wet with sweat.

At 6 I took out Honey-Mow Bear Jamme for breakfast, after which we got away, Ah-nah-we and Honey-mow leading us driving 12 dogs.

I stopped at Peteravik to give Sisuso a box of biscuit, 1 tin of tea, 8 pds Tobacco, and one box of matches.

The sky was overcast so it became dark very early with the result that

we lost our way, wading through deep snow in and out among the tongs in the bay west of Nerby.

Here at Nerby we find the usual big crowd. My igloo and Ad-blvo-yas is jam full. Myan and family got out and went into the small igloos.

Ad-blvo-yas and Harry now came find no place to sleep therefore was compelled to go back to Inuvik.

Ad-blvo-yas has killed two bears and traps one.

Wednesday Dec. 1.
Eskimos at all hours.

Jimmie came in to go to bed at 12-30 p.m. Myan came in to visit at 1-4 p.m. having just gotten up.

It is like as the Eskimos do now - sleep any time, eat any time.

Spurrine and Co-de
got away for Seward about
10 o'clock. I have sent them
up after meat.

Hi-tall and 2-o-
yung-wah (My-ah's son) have
just arrived from Karmak.
They report very deep snow
to the southward and all
Eskimos returning home also
started for the tugs. Hal
and his Eskimos went
through, it is rumored.

Dark and cloudy
tonight; looks like more
snow.

Sunday Dec 2nd
Sam. Far-ah is 27 in. long

Tuesday Dec. 3
Snowing all day. Study,
sleep and read and
get separate index of all
Eskimos.

Wednesday Dec. 4
It has been snowing now
ever since we came.

Yours are out to-night.

Hi-o-tah left some time today for Koi-en-ni-yo-u-ne.

Sunday Dec. 5-

June Au-ee, and also
joo-ah-i-shahs arrived today
from Euluvudly. They report
no walrus killed and deep
snow in the trail.

Monday Dec. 6

E-wah-ah-shees, Ahayah,
and Ah-wah-gue-ur got
here today from Euluvudly.

In-yu-qut, E-ih-ay,
to, and small bay arrived
from Ilmanah. They have
not been to ship.

Tuesday Dec. 7.

Snowing again. E-leaves
for ship with skins and
my letter. My all returns reporting
deep snow beyond Ig-loo-
aa-Chouy. Paribpal is at Ig-
loo-aa-Chouy.

Wednesday, Dec. 8

Five sledges left for Etah today. Because of recent big fall of snow we encountered much on the ice at various spots.

at the Peteravik glacier our dogs and sledges broke through repeatedly until finally a hole about ten feet wide blocked our path.

On the other side of this were Arctic and Ki-me-ash sleeping in their sledges.

The men lashed two sledges together thus making a bridge over which the two boys and their dogs and sledges came to us.

Upon hearing their report of the condition of the ice about Peteravik we thought it best to return here. When running our sledges about it was interesting to notice how carefully we took each step. The ice was so treacherous that the whip handle could be pushed right through it.

Thursday Dec. 9

Sah-ka-ee is feeling around
the bed like a drunken
man with an old shirt tied
under his arms and a rope
leading to the roof to support
him. In this way he is
being taught to walk.

Friday Dec. 10 th
"the men wear antifurie
garments."

Friday Dec. 10 th

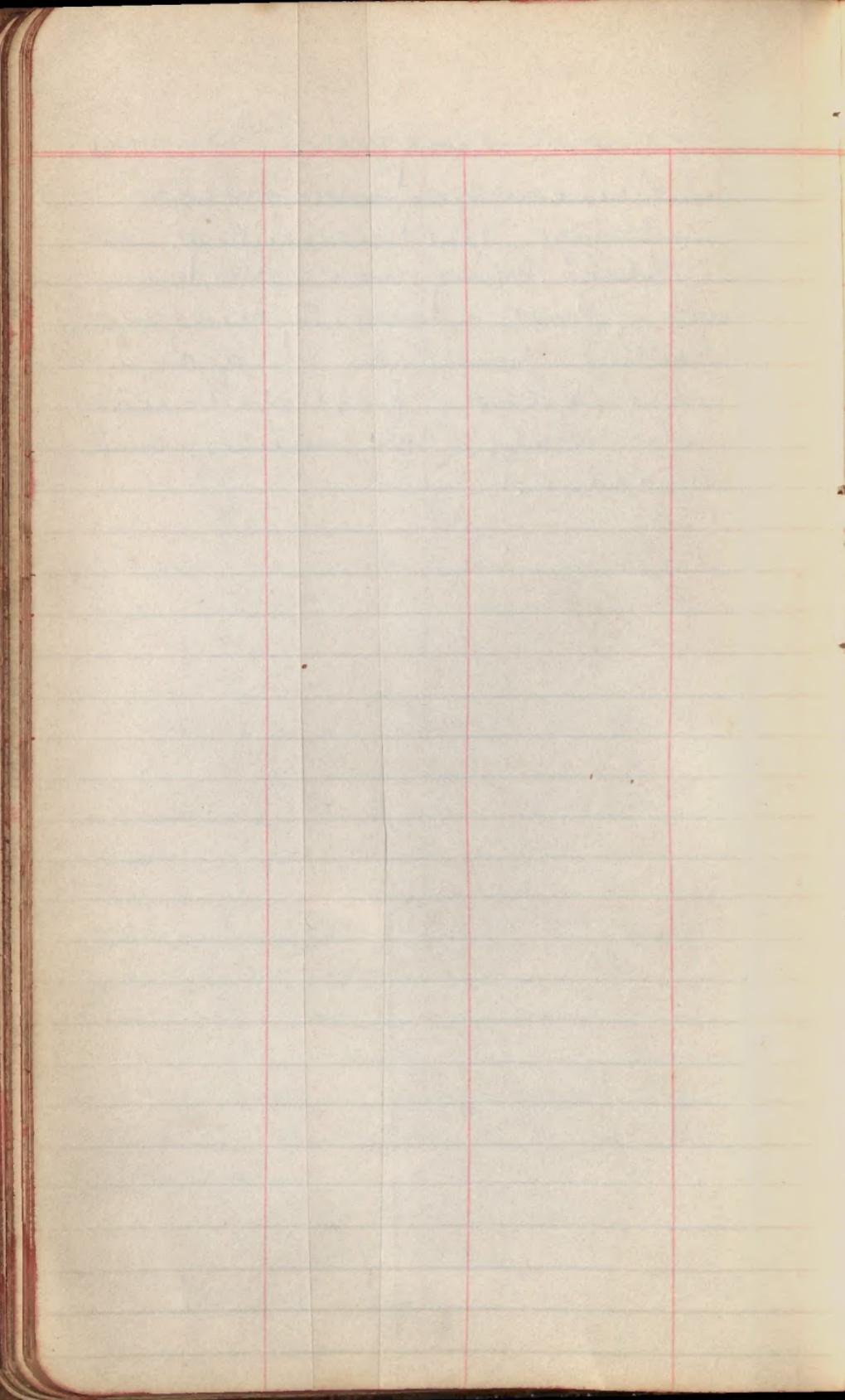
Left Elale last
evening about 8 o'clock
having about 350 in our
steepers. Panipal helped
Ak-pord-ah start to top of
glacier. Dangerous ice part
way to Stoyes Harbor.

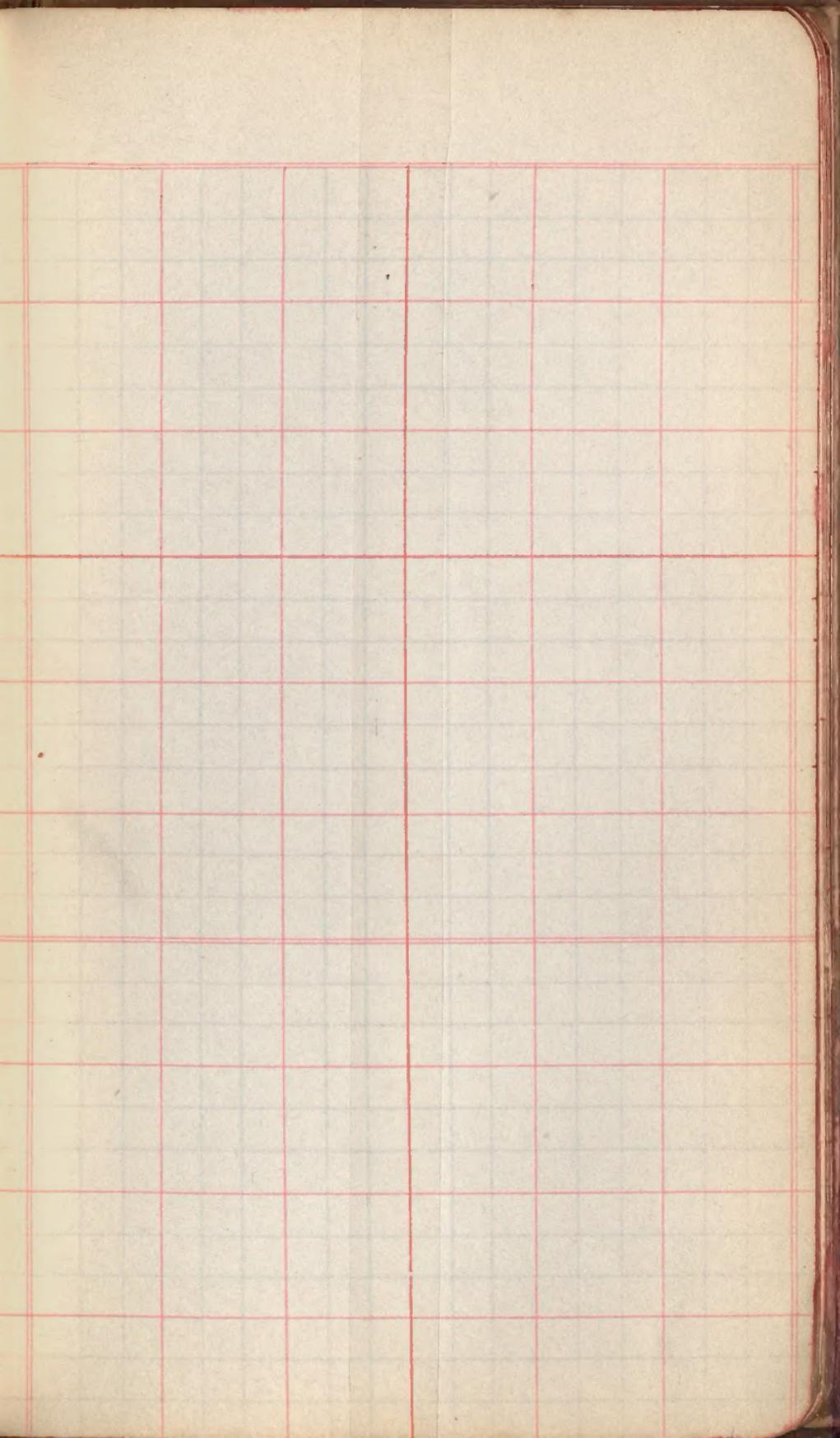
In tent this morning
at Sulwaddy. We find Lee
Athlis co-Veryah, and
Langah.

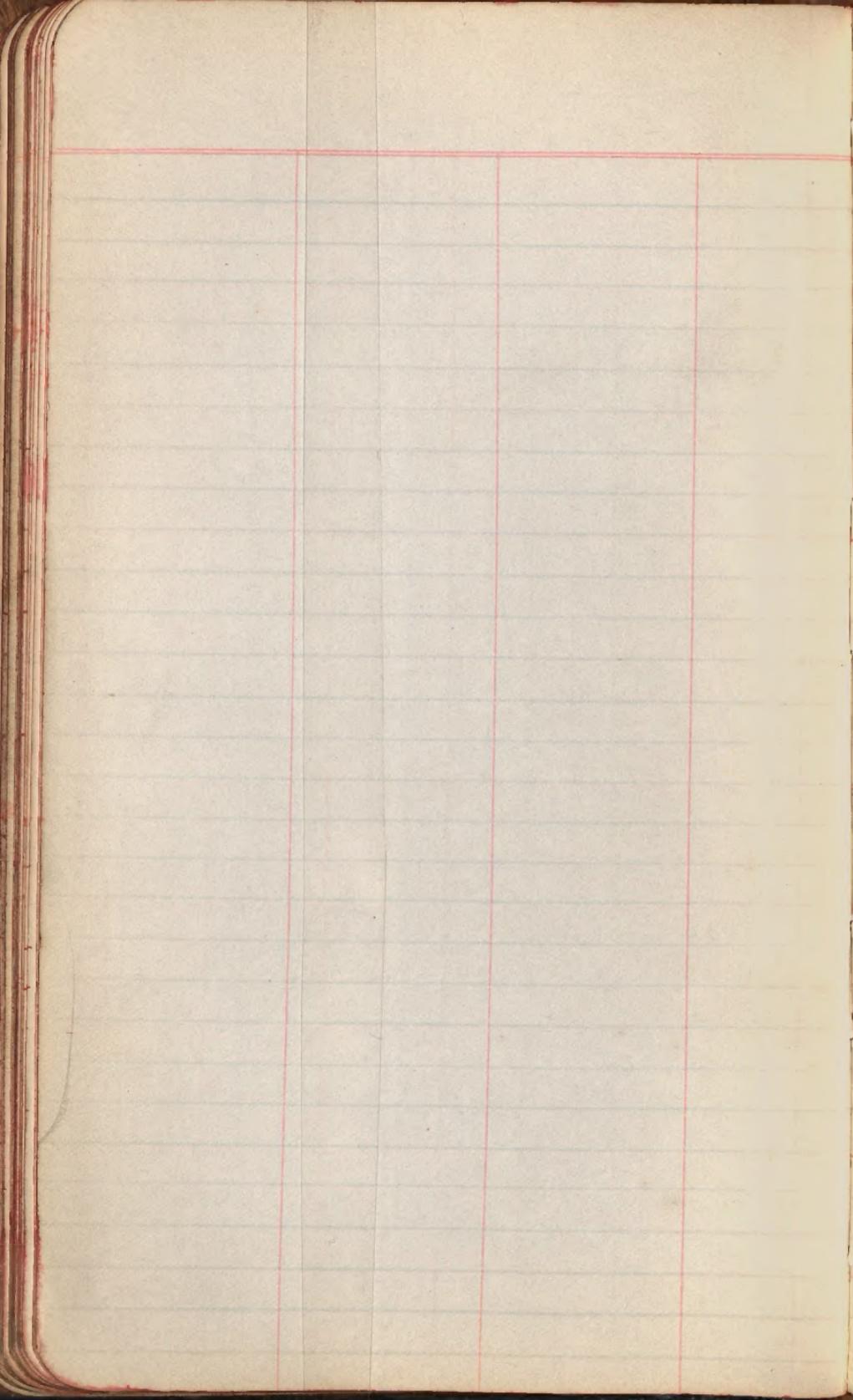
Sat Dec. 19

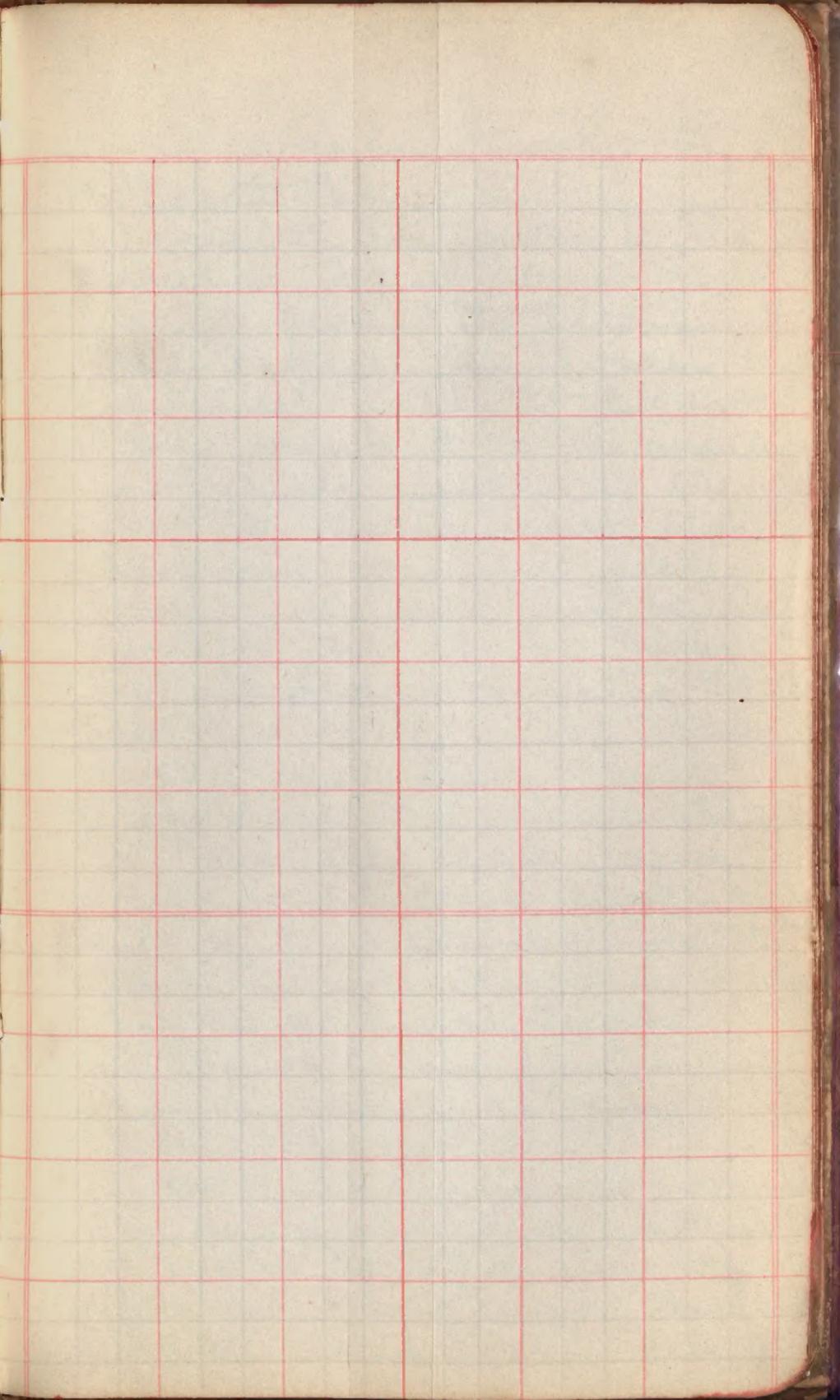
arrived Kirby this P.M.
Deep snow from Sulwaddy.

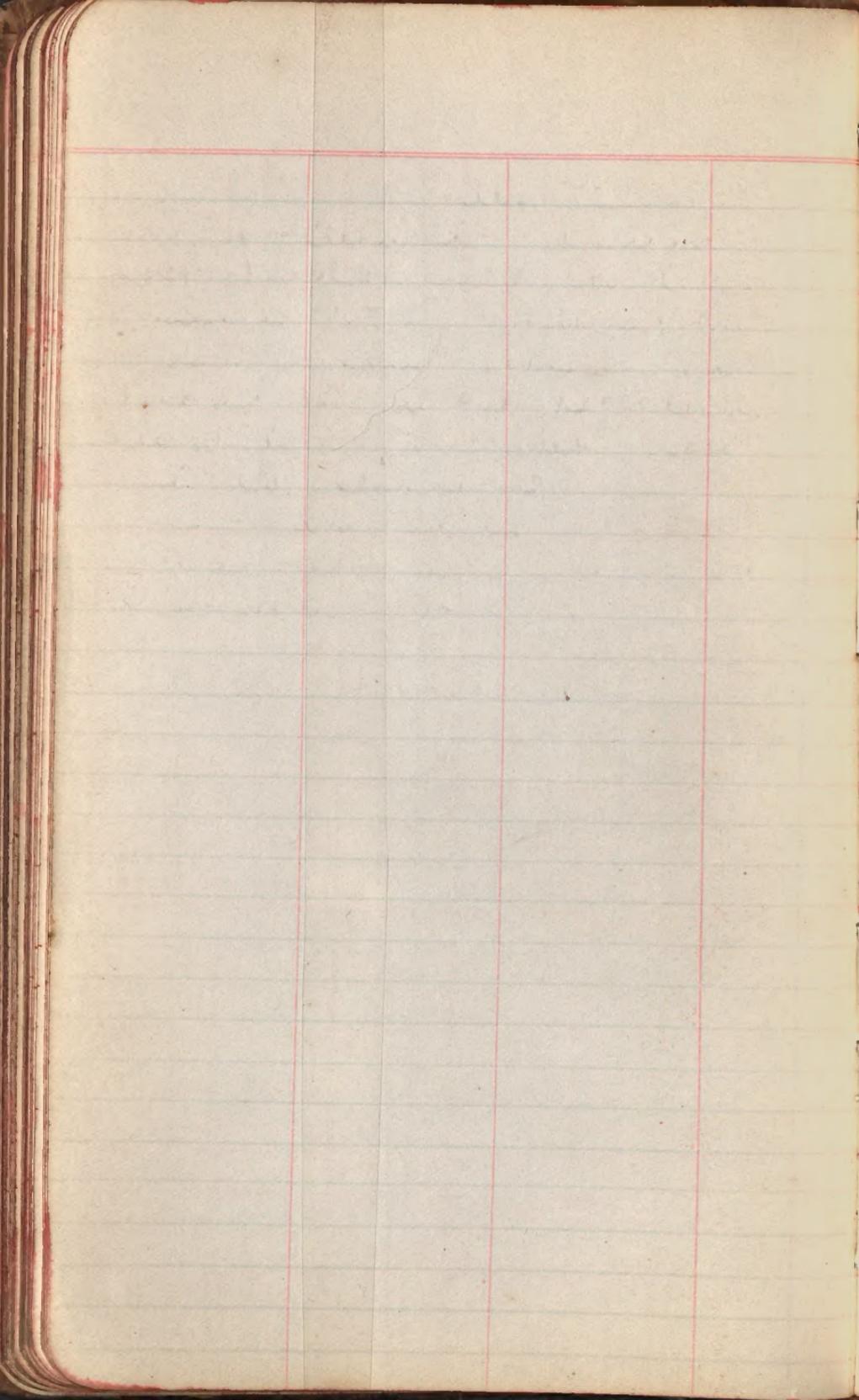
accommodation. Samuels,
and hisarfing-wals left
for Elate this evening.
They bring me three
boxes, one largely magazines,
another containing cards,
tubes, files, pocket knives,
clothes, caps (two winter) and
delicacies.











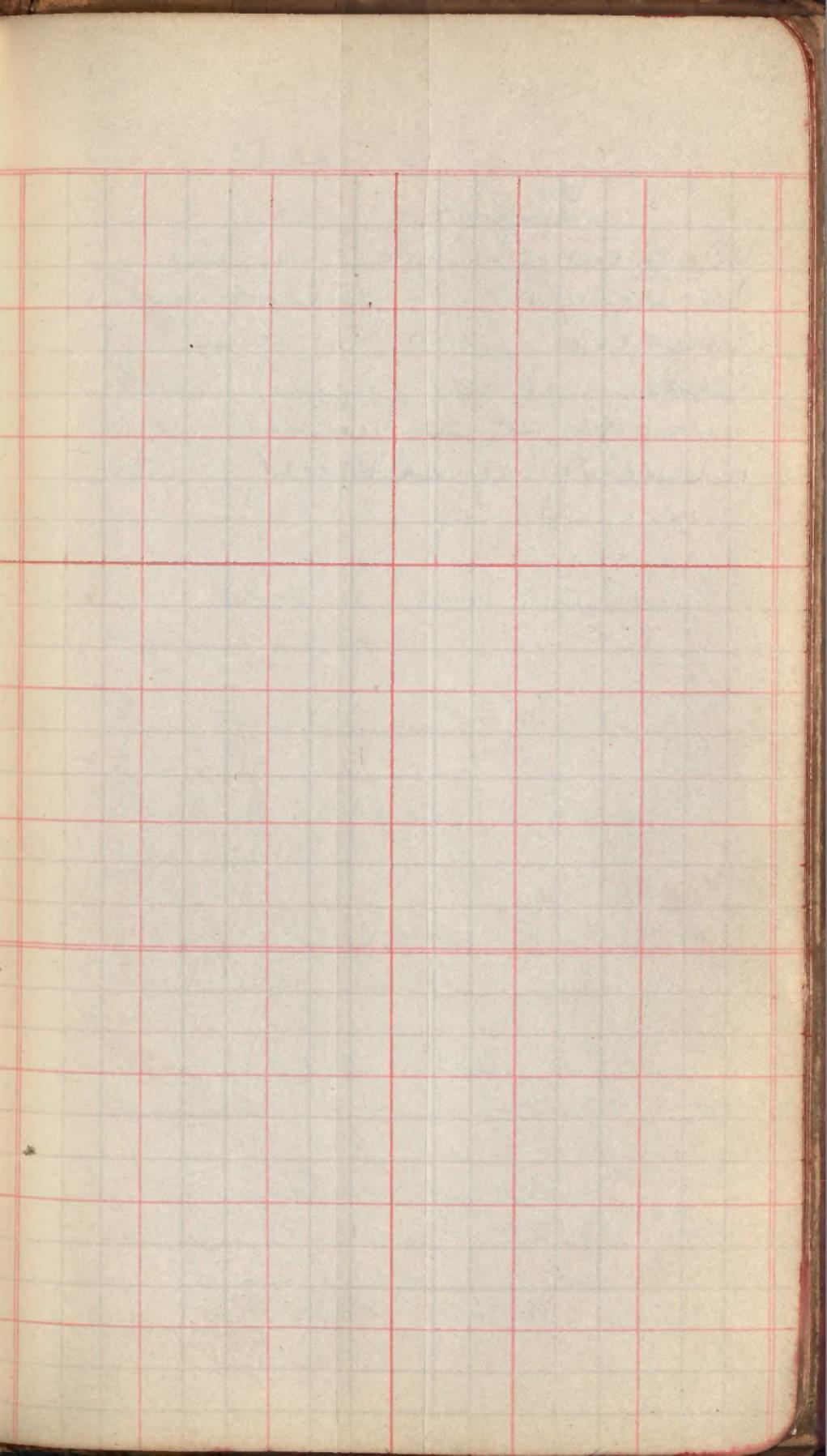
Dr. J. Fayer's House at
Booth Bay,
"Directly opposite to the
landing place about forty
yards from the shore.
This crevise which ran
parallel with the coast,
was about 8 feet in width
and quite level at the
bottom. On the east side
the rock was six feet
high, smooth and vertical
except that it was broken
in two places, forming at
each a cliff. The other
side was lower, being
not more than from three
to four feet high, and
was round and sloping
as if to make up for
this defect it was however,
cut by a lateral cliff."

"The walls were fourteen feet
apart four feet high,
and three feet thick."

We built upon the rocks
on the west end a gable,
of which the apex was six
feet from the ground, and
which sloped down on each

side to the walls. Through
this western side opened the
lateral drift, which was
framed by the gables, which
rested at this place on the
rudder of the ship; leaving
an orifice three feet high
and two feet wide."

A small lake (50 x 30 yds)
three quarters of a mile east
of camp



Sipoo

<u>Biscuit</u>	1 Pr. Knives
<u>Cartridges</u>	1 Pr. Stockings
<u>Gloves</u>	1 Fox Skin
<u>Tax</u>	
	Water-tight
	Rice & windproof

Debts to be paid

Sifoso Cr.
One fox skin

Paid Cum & packages tobacco.
Wants tea and biscuit
when I come down.

Bring something for
Mugali's dogs.

Pins for ah-ning-yah

Sea - looking glass -

Sifoso
For two dog feeds

Hoolatnuk
Samnie mce Green mce

Jacob & sonner
Jimmie mce wants - biscuits

Hoolatnuk wants

Sifoo

~~Biscuit~~

1 Pr. Knives

Cartridges

1 Pr. Stockings

Gloves

1 Fox Skin

Tin

Water-tight
Piece of windproof

~~Debts to be paid~~

Lifcoo Cr
One for them

Raid him 2 packages tobacco.
Wants tea and biscuits
when I come down.

Bring something for
Mugali's dogs.

Pins for al-ring-yah

*Sea - looking glass -

Lifcoo
For two dog feeds

Koota-tinah
Sammie mce Green mce

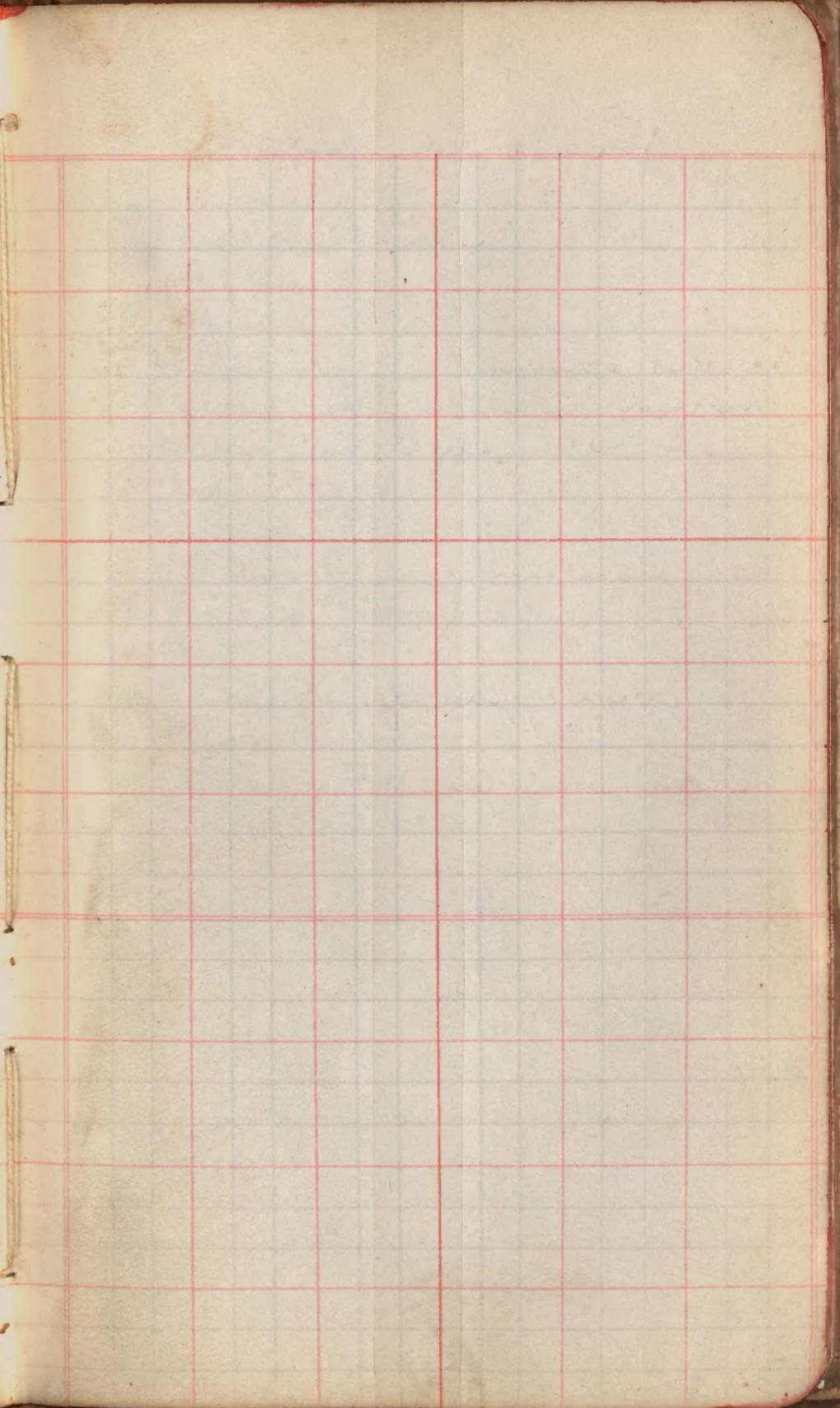
Jacob - corner
Jimmie mce wants biscuits

Koota-tinah wants

Miles travelled

To Loochan and return	130
To Ig-loo-da-lome "	114
" "	114
To Big cache "	180
Crocher Lane Trip	1400
Spring Seeding 1914	100
Fall Seeding 1914	100
Mail trip	600
To Peterarik and return	60
" "	60
" "	60
To Humboldt Glacier	200
" " "	200
Spring Seeding 1915	100
To Narwhal boats to Nerby	117
To Peterarik and return "	16
Total to date	3551

From Nerby to Etah	45-
" Etah to Nerby	45-
" Peterarik Seaside - return	12
" Etah	45-
" To Shish	150
" To Etah	150
	3998



Wanted at Slab.

Thermometers
Sugar
Candy
Milk
Biscuit (meat)
Nautical Almanac
Sail Needles
Tooth Powder
Hams
Prunes Slove
Tea Pot
Saunders Revolver
Light Canvas
Hornig's Rifle
22 Cartridges

Komitika fukketo - my sledge
is low.

"Bunches of snow"

Eggs to be found at

Kauqerd-loos-eah. X

Old Squaw	ng-ley
Arctic Tern	ee-muk-é-táh
Red Gervaled loon	hah-sow
Bringa canutus	luq-má-léah
Snow Bird	kop-ah-new
Littiwake	lah-láh-rah

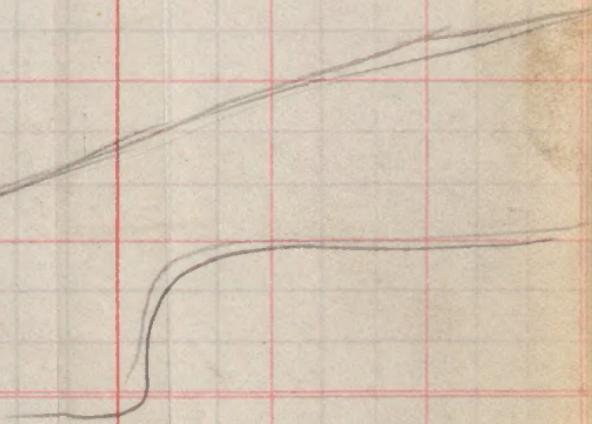
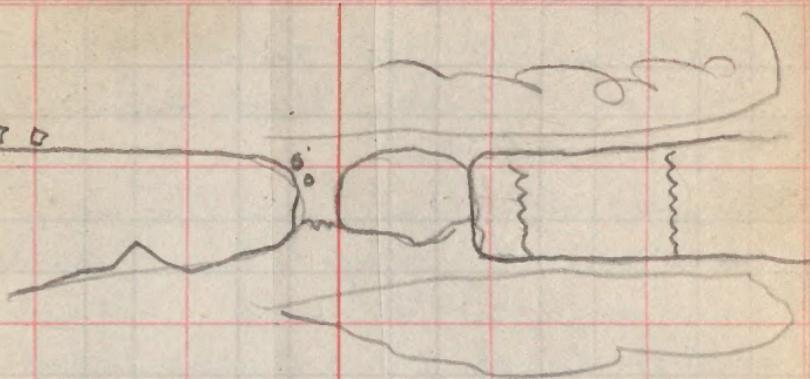
At Elah

Burgo-masla	No-w-yah
Raven	lood-da-wah
Eider ducks	meetik
Brant Goose	Nug-lah
Little Aels	ah-food-ee-ah
Snow Bunting	kop-ah-new

At - 2 tublos

Herring gull Elay-ó-kee

530



W. Wood

Cache at Cape Lutefjord
on delta at river mouth
April 24th

Beans	X	3
Cheese		1
Salmon		3
Sausage		2
Milk	X	
Hash		1
Eggs		6
Corn		1
Oil		2

Cache at Kam-nowley-

Biscuit White 3 (2-25) (4-12 $\frac{1}{2}$)

" " 1-25 lb. tin

" Whole Wheat 1 (4-12 $\frac{1}{2}$)

Oil 17 qals

Milk 3 cans 6 cans

Pemmican Red 2 cans 3 tins

" Blue 4 tins

Beans 2

G Plums 3

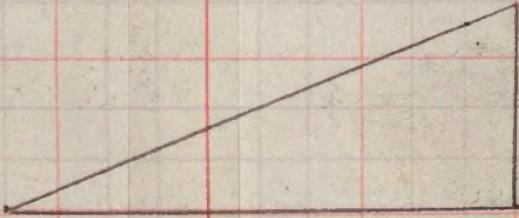
Cranberries 2

Seal record

Date	Shot-at-by	Killed	Wounded
May 9th	Arikis	2	2
" 10th	Sammie	2	1
" 10th	Arikis	2	2
" 10th	Sammie	3	2
" 11th	Arikis	2	2
" "	Sammie	1	1
12th	"	1	1
13	"	1	1
15	Arikis	1	1
14	Self	1	
18	Arikis	2	2
19	"	1	1
19	Sammie	1	

Mixed

Suck-fin-air-boat
propeller



nammow-dy-ch-ah-hūng-a now
nammow-may-de-actunga will
nammow-ah-hūng-a yesterday
nammow-ah-dook-tō (a)
clay-mook-shadee-actunga (b)

- (a) To kill a bear without
help of bow and/or dogs
- (b) To kill a bear with bow and
and dogs

Anq-oon-duck-ah-hūng-a
I killed a seal yesterday
Co-bloome ah-wud-ā-ach-tūng-a
I will kill a seal today

In-péh-shan i-vung-duck
ah-hūng-a
I killed a walrus yesterday

Ah-hah-ō - - - - - - - - -
actunga - I will kill a
walrus tomorrow

Shū-úck-to - - - tō tremble

I family readings

Els on sealed orders Nov.

Start at Cafe Sabine

Els on roulette

Els on trading

Els
Humb
Green } contact

Els on burning museum

attitude toward my trip

Pugasow - time bwo oo-wangoo
Pugasow - gave me that
to me at first

nah-hah-ee-lah-ow-me
eed-ee-hes-ee-ah
to me as an Eskimo

Cactus at Ruddy's feet

- 2 milo
- 2 coffee
- 1-25 biscuits
- 1 hair
- 1 corn
- 2 salmon
- 1 butter
- 1 bag flour
- 1 tea
- 1 dates
- 2 sweet clover
- 10 washing

Contract

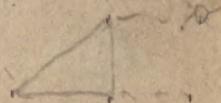
Scaled Orders

Oreothology

Send direct Tribune

Who pays bills?

Orders to get



Pilt-saut

Ook-see-rra

45
14
5
6 4
2
 $\frac{11}{12}$ 8

14 2
1 5 9
 $\frac{11}{11}$ 4



Lo

Nerby

45

57

25

$\frac{82}{82}$

"

29-

57

92

"

Karnala

82

37

82

$\frac{117}{117}$

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