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## DESCRIPTION OF A NEW RACE OF THE LESSER BLACKBACKED GULL, FROM THE AZORES

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A series of seventeen gulls from the Azores, recently acquired for The American Museum of Natural History, has been kindly placed at my disposal by Dr. L. C. Sanford. I am also indebted to Mr. Outram Bangs of the Museum of Comparative Zoollogy for the loan of two other gulls from the Canary Islands. These birds are strikingly different from any of the hitherto described races of Larus fuscus and, as the dates of capture range from August 22 to March 10, it is probable that they represent a form resident upon these islands and upon others off the African coast. For this reason I have named them after the fabled island or islands of Atlantis.

## Larus fuscus atlantis, new subspecies

Subspecific Characters.-Similar to Larus fuscus affinis but larger, the legs, feet and bill heavier, and the mantle a paler "light neutral" gray, instead of "deep neutral gray."

Measurements.-Male: wing, 427; tail, 175; tarsus, 68; toe without claw, 58; claw, 10; culmen, 55 ; depth of bill at base, 19.5; at angle, 20.5 .

Type.-No. 14304, collection of L. C. Sanford; or ad.; March 10, 1922; Fayal Azores; J. G. Correia.

## Specimens Examined

Larus fuscus atlantis, Azores, $8 \sigma^{7}, 6$ \&, 3 juv.; Canary Islands, $1 \sigma^{7}, 1$ juv.
Larus fuscus fuscus, $6 \sigma^{7}, 3$ \&, 2 juv.; 6 not sexed.
Larus fuscus affinis, $5 \sigma^{7}, 4$ ๆ, 1 juv.; 5 not sexed.
Larus fuscus taimyrensis, 1 ¢.
Compared with affinis, the nearest race both in color and in distribution, the mantle of atlantis is a clearer, paler, bluer gray without any of the brownish tinge that marks all the other races even in perfectly fresh plumage, and, furthermore, when adult males are compared with males, and females with females, the average larger size is obvious.

Larus fuscus fuscus is a dark neutral gray often quite fuscous, browner with wear, almost as dark as Larus marinus; the race affinis is a deep neutral gray, very slightly brown-tinged, and of the same shade as Larus occidentalis livens; the race taimyrensis seems to be merely a large
affinis; while atlantis is the palest gray of any and similar in shade to Larus occidentalis occidentalis.

One may well wonder if this new race does not represent the birds that Godman years ago called argentatus in listing those of the Canaries and Madeira (Ibis, 1872, p. 222), having seen them in June on the Azores (Ibis, 1866, p. 103). Later writers have referred such birds to cachinnans (leucophæus), among them Ogilvie-Grant (Ibis, 1890, p. 444) and Lowe ('British Birds,' VI, 1912-13, p. 5); but without examination of actual specimens, I should be loth to exclude this species from the Atlantic fauna where it has been repeatedly recorded by a number of reliable observers.

Like fuscus and its races, cachinnans when adult has yellow feet, but the wing-pattern is quite different; argentatus and its races have flesh-colored feet, but again the wing-pattern is different from that of either fuscus or cachinnans. Those who have available specimens would do well to settle the question whether cachinnans, a species of more eastern distribution, breeds much west of the Black Sea region.

|  |  | Wing | Tail | Tarsus | Toe <br> Without <br> Claw | Toe <br> With <br> Claw | Culmen | Bill <br> Depth <br> at <br> Base | Bill <br> Dept <br> at <br> Angle |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Type No. 14304 | $0^{7}$ | 427 | 175 | 68 | 58 | 68 | 55 | 19.5 | 20.5 |
| 14305 | $0^{7}$ | 428 | 178 | 68 | 58 | 68 | 57 | 18 | 19 |
| 14307 | ${ }^{7}$ | 422 | 171 | 67 | 54 | 65 | 57 | 18.5 | 20 |
| 14306 | $0^{7}$ | 420 | 175 | 65 | 56 | 65 | 54 | 18.5 | 20.5 |
| 14309 | $0^{7}$ | 425 | 164 | 66 | 54 | 64 | 56 | 18 | 19 |
| 14308 | $0^{7}$ | 420 | 162 | 66 | 56 | 65 | 56 | 19 | 20 |
| 14310 | $0^{7}$ | 422 | 168 | 66 | 55 | 65 | 53 | 18 | 19.5 |
| 14311 | $0^{7}$ | 412 | 171 | 67 | 57 | 66 | 54 | 18 | 19 |
| M. C. Z. No. 69036 | $0^{7}$ | 428 | 167 | 67 | 56 | 66 | 54 | 19.5 | 20.5 |
| Average |  | 422.7 | 169.8 | 66.6 | 56.0 | 65.8 | 55.1 | 18.5 | 19.8 |
| 14312 | $\bigcirc$ | 406 | 165 | 66 | 53 | 60 | 54 | 18 | 19 |
| 14313 | $\bigcirc$ | 405 | 164 | 61 | 52 | 61 | 48 | 17 | 18.5 |
| 14314 | \% | 398 | 164 | 60 | 51 | 59 | 49 | 16 | 18 |
| Br wdoin College | \% | 405 | 170 | 59 | 51 | 60 | 48 | 17 | 18 |
| 14315 | $\bigcirc$ | 397 | 153 | 62 | 53 | 62 | 50 | 16.5 | 18 |
| 14316 | \% | 395 | 158 | 62 | 54 | 61 | 53 | 17 | 18 |
| Average |  | 401.0 | 162.3 | 61.7 | 52.3 | 60.5 | 50.3 | 16.9 | 18.3 |

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[^0]:    Specimen numbers refer to the collection of L. C. Sanford, except where otherwise noted. Measurements are in millimeters.

