

**Article III.—NEUROPTERA, PANORPATA, AND TRICHOPTERA
COLLECTED BY THE AMERICAN MUSEUM CONGO
EXPEDITION, WITH LISTS OF THE SPECIES KNOWN
FROM THE BELGIAN CONGO¹**

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The collections brought from the Congo by Messrs. Lang and Chapin contain nineteen species of true Neuroptera, one of Panorpata, and five of Trichoptera. Many of these forms are widely distributed in tropical Africa, but the collection, small as it is, adds several species to the fauna of the Belgian Congo. A list of the Congo species hitherto known from the three orders here considered has been compiled by Dr. J. Bequaert and incorporated in the paper. While the neuropterous fauna of that country is too incompletely known to give much information with regard to its affinities, yet the occurrence of several forms from southern Abyssinia in the extreme northeastern Congo Basin, as shown by this collection, is noteworthy.

APPROXIMATE LOCATION OF PLACES MENTIONED IN THIS PAPER²

Barumbu.— $1^{\circ} 10'$ N., $23^{\circ} 20'$ E.	Lisala.— $2^{\circ} 10'$ N., $21^{\circ} 30'$ E.
Beni.— $0^{\circ} 30'$ N., $29^{\circ} 30'$ E.	Matadi.— $5^{\circ} 50'$ S., $13^{\circ} 35'$ E.
Bumba.— $2^{\circ} 10'$ N., $22^{\circ} 30'$ E.	Medje.— $2^{\circ} 25'$ N., $27^{\circ} 30'$ E.
Faradje.— $3^{\circ} 40'$ N., $29^{\circ} 40'$ E.	Niangara.— $3^{\circ} 40'$ N., $27^{\circ} 50'$ E.
Garamba.— $4^{\circ} 10'$ N., $29^{\circ} 40'$ E.	Rungu.— 3° N., 28° E.
Kabare.— $0^{\circ} 35'$ S., $29^{\circ} 30'$ E.	Rutshuru.— $1^{\circ} 15'$ S., $29^{\circ} 30'$ E.
Kasindi.— 0° , $29^{\circ} 40'$ E.	Stanleyville.— $0^{\circ} 30'$ N., $25^{\circ} 15'$ E.

NEUROPTERA

Myrmeleonidæ

PALPARES Rambur

1. Palpares hamatus Kolbe

Palpares hamatus KOLBE, 1898, Entom. Zeitg. Stettin, LIX, p. 232.

Twenty-four specimens: Faradje, November 1912; Niangara, November 1910; Rungu, October 1910.

Not previously recorded from the Belgian Congo.—Described from Abyssinia. According to P. Esben-Petersen, 1916, Ark. f. Zool., X, No. 15, p. 10, this is a synonym of *P. tigris* Dalman; if the other synonymy

¹Scientific Results of the Congo Expedition. Entomology, No. 4.

²Most of these localities are shown on the map accompanying the reports on Congo Vespidæ (1918, Bull. Amer. Mus. Nat. Hist., XXXIX, p. 9) and on land mollusks (1919, Bull. Amer. Mus. Nat. Hist., XL, p. 13).

proposed by that author prove correct, the species has a wide distribution on the African continent. Navás' genus *Nosa* (1911, Rev. Zool. Afric., I, p. 239) is based on a specimen of this species.

2. *Palpares abyssinicus* Kolbe

Palpares abyssinicus KOLBE, 1898, Entom. Zeitg. Stettin, LIX, p. 233.

Six specimens: Barumbu, July 1909; Niangara, November 1910; Faradje, December 1910.

Not previously recorded from the Belgian Congo.—Abyssinia, Eritrea.

3. *Palpares latro* Navás

Palpares latro NAVÁS, 1911, Rev. Zoolog. Afric., I, p. 238, Pl. xvi, fig. 3.

One specimen: Niangara, April 1913.

This species was described from a specimen without locality, probably from Central Africa; no other records of it have been published thus far. But, according to P. Esben-Petersen (1916, Ark. f. Zool., X, No. 15, p. 11), it is identical with *P. festivus* Gerstaecker.

CENTROCLYSIS Navás, 1909

| (= *Sogra* Navás, 1912)

4. *Centroclysis mordax* (Navás)

Sogra mordax NAVÁS, 1912, Mem. R. Ac. Cienc. Barcelona, (3) X, p. 151, fig. 7.

One specimen: Matadi, June 1915.

Not previously recorded from the Belgian Congo.—Described from German East Africa. According to P. Esben-Petersen (1916, Ark. f. Zool., X, No. 15, p. 14) a synonym of *C. distincta* (Rambur) which has a wide range in Africa.

MYRMELEON Linné

5. *Myrmeleon obscurus* Rambur

Myrmeleon obscurus RAMBUR, 1842, Hist. Nat. Ins. Névroptères, p. 403.

One specimen: Stanleyville, March 1915.

Recorded from the Kasai (Lukombe, Dima), Manyema (Kibombo), and Katanga (Bukama).—A common species in tropical and South Africa.

CUETA Navás

6. *Cueta mysteriosa* (Gerstaecker)

Myrmeleon mysteriosus GERSTÄCKER, 1894, Mitth. naturw. Ver. Neu-Vorpommern, XXV (1893), p. 141.

One specimen: Niangara, April 1913.

Not previously recorded from the Belgian Congo.—German and British East Africa.

NEUROLEON Navás

7. **Neuroleon filiformis** (Gerstaecker)

Myrmeleon filiformis GERSTÄCKER, 1885, Mittb. naturw. Ver. Neu-Vorpommern, XVI, p. 31.

One specimen: Faradje, January 1913.

Not previously recorded from the Belgian Congo.—Sierra Leone, Cameroon, French Congo.

FORMICALEON Banks

8. **Formicaleon harpalyce** Banks

Formicaleon harpalyce BANKS, 1911, Ann. Entom. Soc. America, IV, p. 17.

Four specimens: Niangara, November 1910; Faradje, December 1910.

Not previously recorded from the Belgian Congo.—Togo.

9. **Formicaleon turbidus** (Navás)

Formicaleo turbidus NAVÁS, 1915, Mem. Acc. Rom. Nuovi Lincei, XXXIII, p. 11.

Two specimens: Medje, March 1910; Stanleyville, March 1915.

Not previously recorded from the Belgian Congo.—Described from the Congo without more definite mention of locality; probably from the French Congo.

MACRONEMURUS Costa

10. **Macronemurus lepidus** Kolbe

Macronemurus lepidus KOLBE, 1898, Deutsch Ost Afr., IV, Netzflügler, p. 23.

Two specimens: Kabare, August 1914 (J. Bequaert Coll.); Faradje, December 1912.

Not previously recorded from the Belgian Congo.—German East Africa.

CREAGRIS Hagen

11. **Creagris nubifer** Kolbe

Creagris nubifer KOLBE, 1898, Deutsch Ost Afr., IV, Netzflügler, p. 25.

One specimen: between Beni and Kasindi, August 1914 (J. Bequaert Coll.).

Known from the northeastern Congo (Kinjawanga, north of Lake Albert Edward, a locality close to Beni) and Katanga (Bunkeya).—Togo, Abyssinia, German and British East Africa, South Africa.

12. **Creagris africana** (Rambur)

Myrmeleon africanus RAMBUR, 1842, Hist. Nat. Ins. Névroptères, p. 395.

Eleven specimens: Faradje, January 1913; Niangara, November 1910.

Not previously recorded from the Belgian Congo.—Widely distributed in Africa south of the Sahara.

CYMOHALES Gerstaecker

13. **Cymothales johnstoni** Kirby

Cymothales johnstoni KIRBY, 1902, in H. Johnston, The Uganda Protectorate, I, p. 469.

One specimen: Stanleyville, March 1915.

Not previously recorded from the Belgian Congo.—The species was known from Uganda (Entebbe) only.

This is the only specimen I have seen, except the type, with which it agrees closely. It is most nearly related to *C. dulcis* Gerstaecker, but is paler throughout.

Ascalaphidæ

TMESIBASIS MacLachlan

14. **Tmesibasis waelbroecki** van der Weele

Tmesibasis waelbroecki van der Weele, 1908, Cat. Coll. Zoolog. de Selys Longchamps, Fasc. 8, Ascalaphiden, p. 92, fig. 58.

Garamba, June 1912.

Known only from the Belgian Congo: Kinshasa.

HELICOMITUS MacLachlan

15. **Helicomitus festivus** (Rambur)

Bubo festivus RAMBUR, 1842, Hist. Nat. Ins. Névroptères, p. 356.

Three specimens: Niangara, November 1910; Faradje, November 1912.

Recorded from the Manyema (Kibombo, 245 kilom. south of Kindu), Uele (Bambili) and Katanga (Bukama, Watura-Katwe, Kapiri).—A common species in Africa from the Senegal and Egypt to Natal; also on Madagascar.

16. *Helicomitus rutilus* (Gerstæcker)

Suphalasca rutila GERSTÄCKER, 1894, Mitth. naturw. Ver. Neu-Vorpommern, XXV (1893), p. 105.

Two specimens: Faradje, December 1912.

Not previously recorded from the Belgian Congo, but doubtfully distinct from *H. festivus*, with which it is united by van der Weele (1908, Cat. Coll. Zoolog. de Selys Longchamps, Fasc. 8, p. 175).—German East Africa.

DISPAROMITUS van der Weele

17. *Disparomitus bacillus* (Gerstæcker)

Suphalasca bacillus GERSTÄCKER, 1885, Mitth. naturw. Ver. Neu-Vorpommern, XVI, p. 5.

Three specimens: Medje, April 1910.

Recorded from the Lower Congo (Congo da Lemba).—A West African species: Togo, Sierra Leone, Cameroon, French Congo.

Chrysopidæ

CHRYSOPOA Leach

18. *Chrysopa bequaerti* Navás

Chrysopa bequaerti Navás, 1912, Rev. Zool. Afric., I, p. 409, fig. 4.

One specimen: Faradje, November 1912.

Known from the Belgian Congo only, where it is recorded in the Lower Congo (Kitobola) and Katanga (Kongolo).

NOTHOCHRYSA MacLachlan

19. *Nothochrysa rufostigma* (MacLachlan)

Chrysopa rufostigma MACLACHLAN, 1868, Journ. Linn. Soc. London, Zool., IX, p. 253.

One specimen: Faradje, November 1912.

Not previously recorded from the Belgian Congo.—South Africa.

NEUROPTERA RECORDED FROM THE BELGIAN CONGO

Myrmeleonidæ

PALPARES Rambur

Africa, Madeira, Southern Europe, Persia, India.

Palpares abyssinicus Kolbe. See above.

Palpares aegrotus Gerstæcker.—Congo (?)

Palpares bayeri Navás.—Northeastern Congo (Beni). Probably a synonym of *P. obsoletus* Gerstaecker.

Palpares cognatus Rambur.—Belgian Congo.

Palpares hamatus Kolbe. See above.

Palpares ictericus Navás.—Lower Congo (Kitobola). Probably a synonym of *P. ægrotus* Gerstaecker.

Palpares latipennis Rambur.—Lower Congo (Banana), between Leopoldville and Stanleyville.

Palpares latro Navás. See above.

Palpares nigrescens Navás.—Katanga (Sankisia).

Palpares normalis Navás.—Katanga.

Palpares obsoletus Gerstaecker.—Stanley Pool.

Palpares radiatus Rambur.—Congo (?).

Palpares stuhlmanni Kolbe.—Northeastern Congo (Vichumbi).

Palpares tigris Dalman.—Katanga (Punga, Sankisia). According to P. Esben-Petersen, *Nosa leonina* Navás was based on an aberrant specimen of the same species. See above.

PALPARELLUS Navás

Africa. P. Esben-Petersen (1916, *op. cit.*, p. 11) is of the opinion that this is not generically distinct from *Palpares*.

Palparellus obscuripennis (E. Schmidt).—Kasai, Katanga (Lusindoi).

HAGENOMYIA Banks

(= *Nelees* Navás)

Hagenomyia imperator (Navás).—Katanga (Kapiri).

Hagenomyia indistincta (Navás).—Katanga (Sankisia).

Hagenomyia lyncea (Fabricius).—Kasai (Lukombe).

Hagenomyia tristis (Hagen).—Lower Congo (Kunga, Leopoldville, Tchoa), Kasai (Lukombe), Katanga (Kongolo, Katwamba, Katolo, Kapiri, Shinsenda).

SYNGENES Kolbe

Syngenes longicornis (Rambur).—Congo (?).

CENTROCLYSIS Navás

(including *Sogra* Navás)

Africa.

Centroclysis brachygaster (Rambur).—Lower Congo (Leopoldville), Kasai (Luluabourg).

Centroclysis lineatipennis (Peringuey).—Kasai (Hemptinne-St.-Benoît near Luluabourg).

Centroclysis mordax Navás. See above.

Centroclysis perversa (Navás).—Uele.

Centroclysis rufescens (Gerstaecker).—Lake Albert.

MYRMELEON Linné

Cosmopolitan.

Myrmeleon atlas Banks.—Northeastern Congo (Kwidjwi).

Myrmeleon lethifer Walker.—Northeastern Congo (Kwidjwi).

Myrmeleon obscurus Rambur. See above.

Myrmeleon simplicissimus Gerstaecker.—Katanga (Kapiri).

GYMNOLEON Banks

Africa.

Gymnoleon (?)cognatus Navás.—Katanga (Bukama).

GIBRELLA Navás

Africa.

Gibrella congolana Navás.—Katanga (Kapiri).

MACROLEON Banks

Macroleon polyzonus (Gerstaecker).—Equator (Busira).

CREAGRIS Hagen

Creagris africanus (Rambur). See above.

Creagris nubifer Kolbe. See above.

NETEJA Navás

Neteja sollicita Navás.—Katanga (Kapiri).

FORMICALEON Banks

Formicaleon harpalyce Banks. See above.

Formicaleon lethalis (Walker).—Kasai (Dima), Lake Leopold II, Katanga.

Formicaleon recurvus (Navás).—Kasai (Lodima).

Formicaleon scolius (Navás).—Lower Congo (Congo da Lemba).

Formicaleon turbidus (Navás). See above.

Formicaleon tholloni (Navás).—Kasai.

GRIALA Navás

Griala macilenta Navás.—Katanga (Kapiri).

NEMOLEON Navás

Nemoleon kituanus (Kolbe).—Northeastern Congo (Kwidjwi).

MACRONEMURUS Costa

Macronemurus interruptus Kolbe.—Northeastern Congo (Buginda).

Macronemurus iolanthe Banks.—Belgian Congo.

Macronemurus lepidus Kolbe. See above.

CYMOHALES Gerstaecker

Africa, including Madagascar.

Cymothales congolensis Navás.—Katanga (Kapiri).

Cymothales delicatus Banks.—Congo (?).

Cymothales johnstoni Kirby. See above.

Cymothales liberiensis van der Weele.—Lower Congo (Lukula).

Cymothales mirabilis Gerstaecker.—Congo (?).

MOSSA Navás

Africa.

Mossa externa Navás.—Katanga (Bukama).

MAULA Navás

Africa.

Maula stigmatus Navás.—Katanga (Kalengwe).

CUETA Navás

Cueta cridae Navás.—Kasai.

Cueta mysteriosa (Gerstaecker.) See above.

Cueta punctatissima (Gerstaecker).—Katanga (Elisabethville).

Cueta stycynskii Navás.—Lower Congo (Boma).

NEUROLEON Navás

Neuroleon alcidice (Banks) (= *Creagris latens* Navás).—Lower Congo (Boma, Kitobola, Leopoldville), Katanga (Bukama).

Neuroleon filiformis (Gerstaecker). See above.

NYUTUS Navás

Nyutus lombardi Navás.—Lower Congo (Matadi).

BANYUTUS Navás

Banyutus acutus Navás.—Katanga (Kawumba, Kapiri, Lubumbashi River).

Banyutus insidiosus Navás.—Katanga (Kawumba, Kapiri).

Banyutus lethalis (Walker).—Katanga (Kasenga).

Banyutus maynei Navás.—Lower Congo (Malela).

Banyutus neuter Navás.—Katanga (Katolo).

Nemopteridæ

NEMOPISTHA Navás

Africa.

Nemopistha hennini Navás.—Belgian Congo; exact locality unknown.

Ascalaphidæ**ALLOCORMODES** MacLachlan

Africa.

Allocormodes intractabilis (Walker).—Lower Congo (Lukula), Kwango (Popocabacca), Kasai (Kondué, Lodima):

TMESIBASIS MacLachlan

Africa.

Tmesibasis alberti Navás.—Katanga (Kasenga).

Tmesibasis waelbroecki van der Weele. See above.

SUHPALACSA Lefèbvre

Australia, Malayan Archipelago, West Africa.

Suhpalacsá haullevillei (Navás).—Kasai (Dima).

Suhpalacsá recondita (Navás).—Lower Congo (Malela).

Suhpalacsá subcostalis (Navás).—Kasai (Dima).

HELICOMITUS MacLachlan

Africa, Southern Asia.

Helicomitus (?) bequaerti Navás.—Katanga (Sankisia).

Helicomitus festivus (Rambur). See above.

NANOMITUS Navás

Africa.

Nanomitus sellatus Navás.—Katanga (Lukonzo).

DISPAROMITUS van der Weele

Africa.

Disparomitus bacillus (Gerstaecker). See above.

Disparomitus longus Navás.—Katanga (Kapiri).

NAGACTA Navás

Africa.

Nagacta leplaei Navás.—Katanga (Kapiri).

Nagacta schoutedeni Navás.—Katanga (Kapiri).

NEPHONEURA MacLachlan

Africa.

Nephoneura clavata Navás.—Katanga (Lukonzolwa).

ENCYOPOSIUS MacLachlan

Africa.

Encyoposis hemistigma van der Weele.—Katanga (Sankisia).

Encyoposis nigrostigma Navás.—Northeastern Congo (Gangara between Dungu and Faradje).

PHALASCUSA Kolbe

Africa.

Phalascusa vassei van der Weele.—Katanga (Kasenga, Elisabethville).**DICOLPUS** Gerstaecker

Tropical Africa.

Dicolpus volucris Gerstaecker.—Manyema (Nyangwe).**Osmylidæ****LYSMUS** Navás*Lysmus leucomatodes* Navás.—Congo (?).**Mantispidæ****NECYLA** Navás*Necyla cercata* Navás.—Katanga (Mufungwa-Sampwe).*Necyla perparva* (Esben-Petersen).—Lower Congo (Boma).**MANTISPILLA** Enderlein*Mantisvilla umbripennis* Navás.—Katanga (Elisabethville).**Hemerobiidæ****NOSYBUS** Navás*Nosybus nobilis* Navás.—Katanga (Bukama).**Chrysopidæ****CHRYSOPA** Leach*Chrysopa bequaerti* Navás. See above.*Chrysopa congrua* Walker.—Lower Congo (Ganda Sundi).*Chrysopa ducissa* Navás.—Katanga (Kapiri).**NOTOCHRYSA** MacLachlan*Nothochrysa rufostigma* (MacLachlan). See above.*Nothochrysa temerata* Navás.—Katanga (Kapiri).**PANORPATA****Bittacusidæ****BITTACUS** Latreille1. **Bittacus weelei** Esben-Petersen

Bittacus weelei ESBEN-PETERSEN, 1913, Rev. Zool. Afric., III, p. 142, figs. 7 and 8.

One specimen: Rutshuru, September 1914 (J. Bequaert Coll.).

Recorded from the Manyema (Kindu) and Katanga (Lubumbashi River)—German East Africa.

PANORPATA RECORDED FROM THE BELGIAN CONGO

Bittacusidæ

BITTACUS Latreille

Bittacus montanus van der Weele (*B. schoutedeni* Esben-Petersen).—North-eastern Congo (between Beni and Lesse), Katanga (Mufungwa), Manyema (Kindu, Vieux-Kassongo).

Bittacus pobeguini Navás.—Katanga (Kongolo).

Bittacus weelei Esben-Petersen. See above.

TRICHOPTERA

Polycentropidæ

DIPSEUDOPSIS Walker

1. **Dipseudopsis fasciata** Brauer

Dipseudopsis fasciata BRAUER, 1875, Verh. Zool. Bot. Ges. Wien, XXV, p. 69, Pl. iv, fig. 3.

Faradje, March and November 1912.

Recorded from various localities of the Belgian Congo: Lower Congo (Leopoldville), island of the Congo River at the confluence of the Ubangi River, Uele River.—Tropical Africa from the Senegal, Sudan and Abyssinia to Rhodesia and German East Africa.

Hydropsychidæ

HYDROPSYCHODES Ulmer

2. **Hydropsychodes sexfasciata** Ulmer

Hydropsychodes sexfasciata ULMER, 1904, Ark. f. Zool., I, p. 421, figs. 10–12.

Stanleyville, January to March 1915.

Recorded from the Aruwimi River (Banalia).—Cameroon, Belgian Congo.

AETHALOPTERA Brauer

3. **Aethaloptera dispar** Brauer

Aethaloptera dispar BRAUER, 1875, Verh. Zool. Bot. Ges. Wien, XXV, p. 72, Pl. iv, figs. 4–4 c.

Matadi, June 24, 1909; Stanleyville, March 1915.

Lower Congo (Boma, Leopoldville, Kinshasa, Kwamouth), Middle Congo (Bolobo), Lake Albert Edward, Kwango (Popocabacca).—West Africa: Senegal, Cameroon, French Congo, Anglo-Egyptian Sudan, Belgian Congo.

POLYMPHANISCUS Walker

4. **Polymorphaniscus bipunctatus** (Brauer)

Estropsis bipunctata BRAUER, 1875, Verh. Zool. Bot. Ges. Wien, XXV, p. 73.

Bumba, May 15, 1915; Lisala, May 6, 1915.

Common in the Belgian Congo: Lower Congo (Kinshasa, Boma), Middle Congo (Irebu), Kasai, Bangala, Aruwimi (Basoko).—Tropical Africa from the Niger and Anglo-Egyptian Sudan to Natal.

PROTOMACRONEMA Ulmer

5. **Protomacronema hyalinum** Ulmer

Protomacronema hyalinum Ulmer, 1904, Zool. Anzeiger, XXVIII, p. 354, fig. 1.

Stanleyville, August 10, 1909.

Common in the Belgian Congo: Lower Congo (Boma, Kinshasa, Leopoldville), Equator (Ikelemba, Baringa), Bangala (Umangi).—French Congo.

TRICHOPTERA RECORDED FROM THE BELGIAN CONGO

Hydroptilidæ

CATOXYETHIRA Ulmer

Catoxyethira fasciata Ulmer.—Lower Congo (Kinshasa).

Polycentropidæ

NYCTIOPHYLAX Brauer

Nyctiophylax occidentalis Ulmer.—Lower Congo (Kinshasa).

PROTODIPSEUDOPSIS Ulmer

Protodipseudopsis sjestedti Ulmer.—Congo.

DIPSEUDOPSIS Walker

Dipseudopsis africana Ulmer.—Belgian Congo.

Dipseudopsis fasciata Brauer See above.

Dipseudopsis lata Ulmer. Kasai (Dima).

Dipseudopsis schoutedeni Lestage.—Belgian Congo.

Dipseudopsis simplex Ulmer.—Belgian Congo.

Psychomyidæ

ECNOMUS MacLachlan

Ecnomus tropicus Ulmer.—Lower Congo (Kinshasa).
Ecnomus deceptor MacLachlan.—Lake Kivu.

Hydropsychidæ

HYDROPSYCHODES Ulmer

Hydropsychodes diminuta (Walker).—Lower Congo (Kinshasa)
Hydropsychodes albomaculata Ulmer.—Lower Congo (Kinshasa).
Hydropsychodes sexfasciata Ulmer. See above.

ÆTHALOPTERA Brauer

Aethaloptera dispar Brauer (= *Primerenca maesi* Navás). See above.

POLYMPHANISCUS Walker

Polymphaniscus bipunctatus (Brauer.) See above.

PHANOSTOMA Brauer

Phanostoma senegalense Brauer.—Lower Congo (Kinshasa), Bangala (Lisala).

PROTOMACRONEMA Ulmer

Protomacronema hyalinum Ulmer. See above.
Protomacronema pubescens Ulmer.—Lower Congo (Kinshasa), island of the Congo River at the confluence of the Ubangi.

MACRONEMA Pictet

Macronema capense Walker var. *signature* Walker.—Ubangi.

Leptoceridæ

LEPTOCERUS Leach

Leptocerus trivittatus Ulmer.—Lower Congo (Kinshasa).

PSEUDOLEPTOCERUS Ulmer

Pseudoleptocerus squamosus (Ulmer).—Lower Congo (Kinshasa).

ŒCETIS MacLachlan

Ocetis fasciata Lestage.—Belgian Congo.

SETODELLINA Lestage

Setodellina albopunctata Lestage.—Belgian Congo.